'An Injury to One an INJURY to All.'



VOL. 4., NO. 114 Registered at the General Post-office, Sydney, for Transmission by Post as a Newspaper.

SYDNEY, March 24th, 1917. ONE PENNY.

Defence Agitation.

SYDNEY.

Propaganda for the One Big Union, and the case of the boys in jail is going on very successfully in and around Sydney, Meetings are held in the city and suburbs through the week, and last Sunday afternoon saw two I.W.W. platforms in the Domain. Both meetings were highly successful, and good results are shown. If successful propaganda any criterion, then the I.W.W. is in a very

MELBOURNE.

Local propaganda activities have been very brisk this last fortnight, and the position generally is much better. Last week we had Fellow Worker J. R. Wilson to help us in the Yarra Bank meeting, when he spoke to a large crowd for about an hour.

The elements decreed, however, that the meeting had gone quite long enough, so he sent down his torrents to impress us. . Consent down his torrents to impress us. Con-sequently, the meeting had an earlier finish than was anticipated. A good collection was taken up before the meeting had its equili-brium disturbed, so that the God of the "Damp" did not have it all his own way. In the hall in the evening, J. R. Wilson again held forth, giving a clean-cut analysis of the Sydney cases. Afterwards he addressed the audience at the Socialist Hall for about hour on the same topic, where he received a good reception, etc. A retiring collection was taken up for the expenses of

South Melbourne meetings have been more south Medourne meetings have been more than successful, big crowds greeting the speakers on every occasion. "D.A." sales were good also. Last Friday, for the first time, a collection was taken up, which amounted 17s 6d, being splendid for the first time in South Melbourne. This procedure will be continued every Friday night, as funds are ur-gently needed.

On Sunday last, one of the finest meetings held for many a week was held. The speakers were all in good form, holding the crowd interested all the afternoon. The colcrowd interested all the afternoon. The collection also was one of the best taken for some considerable time. £5 Ils 9d being the sum for an afternoon's appeal, which was ably put by Fellow Workers Alf. Wilson and C. Dunn. In the evening F. W. Jeffrey lectured on 'The Preamble of the I.W.W.'

Senator Watson's sensational disclosures the Senate caused quite a flutter among the Liberal and Labor dor rumored that (?) Honorable It is shocked beyond control. Some rude individuals, apparently with no respect for the honor of the Prime Minister and the House gen-erally, have said that visitors to the House are compelled to put a vice-like grip upon their noses as they are assailed by a pungent odour immediately on entering. Where it comes from is hard to say, although an investigation might disclose the fact that it comes from the direction of the Senate.

Anyhow, one thing the will taught is the futility of depending on politicians. It should show them that working-class freedom is to be gained by means other than that of electing men to Parliament.

Join the One Big Union of the I.W.W.

NORMAN JEFFREY.

Wretched is the infant's lot Born within the straw-roof'd cot; he generous, wise or brave, He must only be a slave, Long, long labour, little rest, to toil, to be oppress'd Drained by taxes from his store, Punish'd next for being poor:

This is the poor wretches' lot, Born within the straw-roofed cot. -Robert Southey. APPEA

Fellow workers, the Appeal Court has given its decision, the conviction of our fellow workers has been upheld, a new trial has been refused them, despite the overwhelming evidence advanced to justify the granting of a new trial, which was their only hope from a legal stand-point. That they should have been granted a new trial is beyond all doubt, point. as politicians representing capitalism, and a powerful capitalist press were per-mitted to indulge in gross contempt of court, by referring to the men as GUILTY before the charges against them were investigated in the courts, thus prejudicing the public mind against them, and making it impossible in the early part of the trial to secure a jury unbiased and prepared to exceed the court of the cou unbiased, and prepared to consider evidence and the evidence alone. T a gross outrage has been committed That evidence and the evidence alone. That a gross outrage has been committed is beyond question, as a perusal of the depositions of both the higher and lower courts proves. In view of the injustice that has been done it is now up to OR-GANISED LABOUR to take a hand, to take the case up, and conduct ceaseless agitation until the dullest wage carner understands, and compels the powers that be to do them justice. In order to do this, money is required, money to flood the country with literature, money to send out capable speakers to awaken the public mind to a realisation of the Wrong done. There must be no leaving the public mind to a realisation of the Wrong done. There must be no leaving the men where they are, there must be no letting their case drop, to do so would be an act of TREACHERY despicable beyond words to describe.

Further, there is a danger of other men sharing their fate unless this is done, and it is not only the members of the I.W.W. that will suffer the organisers of no trade union are safe. Already a start has been made in dealing with trade union members, H. Melrose, member and delegate of the A.M.A., having been convicted. Comment upon his conviction and the

Comment upon his conviction and the sentence of six months' imprisonment passed upon him we amnot make at the moment, and do not intend to, as an appeal has been lodged, but unless OR-GANISED LABOUR steps in and calls halt in no uncertain voice to those behind the persecution of MILITANT OR-GANISERS of Labour many will lose their liberty, and the working class movement suffer generally. Persecution petty and underhand of I.W.W. members continues, employers being approached by officers of the LAW and asked to dismiss even WOMEN members of the organisation for no other reason than that they are members of the I.W.W. In view ganisation for no other reason than that they are members of the I.W. In view of the injustice done, believing, yes, knowing, the MEN TO BE ABSO-LUTELY INNOCENT, we appeal to you for financial assistance to enable us to carry on the fight on their behalf, WILL YOU ASSIST? If so, every reader of this paper is given an opportunity to con-tribute. No matter what the amount is, large or small, it will be thankfully renarge or small, it will be thankfully re-ceived and promptly acknowledged. Let everyone assist, and send all cash to J. R. WILSON, Sec. Defence and Release Committee, Box 98 Haymarkef, P.O., Sydney.

WORSE THAN THE I.W.W.

Wonders never cease. Anyone who takes

Wonders never cease. Anyone who takes the "Sunday Times" as-his advocate must have the idea that the I.W.W. is just about the worst thing that could exist in any country. The "Sunday Times" has adopted the yellow-press methods when talking of the I.W.W. All the lies, slander, and abuse that any "rag" could be guilty of has poured through the columns of Holman's and MacIntosh's journal. But now they have discovered something which is "narrower than the I.W.W. and shorter-sighted than the P.L.L."

The organisation picked out for this denunciation is the poor, simple, harmless Temperance Association. The fact that the teetotalers are taking part in the present parliament-

ary campaign has been responsible for the above outburst.

It sounds very much as if we are becoming

respectable when the cold-water crowd is branded by the "Sunday Times" as being worse than the I.W.W. Very Phely next week we will read of a

reid that has been made at the meeting place of the teetofalors, and see several of them charged with treason and other crimes. Some

funny things do appear in the press at times, and especially a yellow press of the "Sun-

Defence Agitation.

BROKEN HILL

Activities have been booming of late. though reports of same have not appeared in F. Worker Wilson visited here at a very opportune time, as the agitation for the defence and release of our fellow-workers

in gaol needed an impetus.

The local bosses' "rag" attempted to conin gaol needed an impetus.

The local bosses "rag" attempted to connet our Fellow Worker's visit with the somewhat sensational episode of the "bombins" of the "Miner" office. The attempt failed. It was too palpably ridiculous.

The agitation of the Defence and Release Committee still continues, and the toilers the Barrier are determined to see jus to see justice given to the gaoled agitators.

Propaganda meetings are held every Saturday and Sunday evenings, and the old battlers of the cause up here hold forth to large and sympathetic crowds.

Speakers are not too plentiful at present and an additional soap boxer, or more, would be welcomed by the local.

Indications point to a sharp struggle by the militants against organised scabs in the near

A bogus union, known as Barrier Wo Union (Blue Whiskers) has been formed, and it must be smashed.

An attempt may be made to force wobblies to join the A.M.A. We have no desire to conflict with any craft organisation at pre-sent, but should any re-actionary "crafties" attempt to bludgeon the I.W.W. as an organ isation to join a craft union, the boys must

be on the watch, and resist.

Individual I.W.W-ites can join any craft union, should they desire but the organisation, as a body, must refuse. We have no desire to fight any militant section of the

workers. Our enemy is MASTER.
Three more slaves were blown to pieces
recently. Patal accidents are becoming far
too numerous lately, but under the contract system—a system whereby master is enabled by economic pressure to force the toilers to speed up to the utmost degree (wobblies excepted) -such revolting accidents are of comon occurrence, and will happen again, workers unite in One Big Union, d mined to put an end, forever, to the tyranni-cal reign of their master, and usher in the new era of industrial, economic and social liberty.

HARRY MEATHERINGHAM.

Press Corr. to "D.A."

ADELAIDE.

A branch of the Workers' D. & R. Committee has been formed in Adelaide for the purpose of conducting an agitation for the de-fence and release of our twelve fellow-workers who are now lying in jail in New South

A great amount of prejudice and ignorance exists in the minds of workers here with regard to the cases of these men; this has got to be shifted before much progress can Le

small bunch who in running the meetings, etc., are doing their utmost to get a live agitation going, but we are handicapped by a shortage of speakers are handicapped by a shortage of speakers at present. I have, therefore, been instructed to ask, through the columns of "Direct Action" for any speakers who may happen to pass through Adelaide from time to time, to get into touch with us at the above address with a view to arranging meetings.

Yours for Industrial Freedom,

B. T. WALL, Secretary.

Announced that the N.S.W. Police Force is 200 short. Concurrently comes another announcement that crime creasing every day. The logical inference is that if the Police Force isn't strengthened there will soon be no crime at all.

LA CARMAGNOLE.

(New Translation).

people's aim, what shall it be? To rise and fight for liberty. Faithless promises we spurn, The system we will overturn, Like brothers, then, in peace we'll be.

The cannon's sound no more we'll hear, Come, let us dance La Carmagnole, Away with fear, away with fear, Come, let us dance La Carmagnole, The cannon's sound no more we'll hear

Then our desire-what shall it be For the human race, equality: So, let this be our battle cry— No more at tyrants' feet we'll lie But from our fetters we'll be free

The cannon's sound no more we'll hear.

Ah, had we but the common sense . To organise in self-defence, Instead of shedding our own blood, Roll onward like a cleansing flood, All misery would vanish hence.

The cannon's sound no more we'll hear,

Oh what do the people cry On, what do the people of the Arise and make all traitors fly.
No more by liars we'll be led,
Each man must work to earn his bread; Tyranny cold on earth shall lie.

The cannon's sound no more we'll hear.

We're the sons of sires that baffled. Crown'd and mitred tyranny— They defied the field and scaffold For their birthrights-so will be.

fig for those by law protected! Liberty's a glorious feat!

Courts for cowards were erected Churches built to please the priest

day Times" stamp.

J. P. Q

(Vic.)

Direct Action



OFFICIAL ORGAN of the
INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF
THE WORLD.

(Australian Administration) Office: 403 Sussex Street, Sydney, Australia.

Subscriptions: 4/ per year; New Zealand, 6/ per year; Foreign, 8/ per year.

HEADQUARTERS, I.W.W. (Australia): 403 SUSSEX STREET, SYDNEY.

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS: 164 W. Washington Street, Chicago, Ill., U.S.A.

UNLAWFUL ASSOCIATIONS.

HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF

In all ages and at all times, there have been fools who thought they could destroy a social idea, and kill a soaring ideal by repression and force.

All history teaches that Thought can-not be gaoled and ideas cannot be hung. Principles can never be suppressed, and stone walls cannot silence the voice of Progress.

If it were so, then the working class would be down in the dire depths of an awful slavery, such as the world has never known.

It is the "unkillable" spirit of agitation that has been responsible for the lib-erties the working class enjoy to-day.

The rack, the thumb-screw, the inquisi-tion, and the stake FAILED TO KILL THE IDEAS AND TEACHINGS of the philosophers and scientists in the days of religious bigotry.

The very ideas for which men were The very ideas for which at the stretched on the rack and burnt at the stretched on the rack and ournt at the stake are now TAUGHT IN ALL THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS throughout the land. Force and persecution have never yet killed a growing ideal, and they never

IN THE ORDER only It is only IN THE ORDER OF THINGS that the time would come when the I.W.W. would be branded as an un-lawful association. It is only in the NATURAL COURSE OF EVENTS that members of the I.W.W. would be denounced and persecuted by those in authority.

The master class in its attack upon

The master class in its attack upon the I.W.W. is only following in the foot-steps of all its predecessors.

Right through history, from the earlkight through history, from the earliest times, all working-class organisations which have been in the vanguard doing the pioneering work, have met with persecution by those in power and authority.

· One has only to let his mind run back far into the dim and distant past to a few far into the dim and distant past to a few hundred years B.C., and there is one BLOOD RED TRAIL RUNNING THROUGH ALL AGES UP TO THE PRESEXT DAY, which tells of the persecution handed out to the slave agitator.

But there is no power in the world that can hold back social and industrial evol-

can hold back social and industrial evolution. And in time, evolution makes many changes and rights many wrongs. There was a time in the history of England, when the men who were fighting to establish the House of Commons were branded as CONSPIRATORS AND transparent representations of the representation of the local authority of the lords and barons. Many of those men as a consequence, suffered torture and death.

The House of Commons to day The House of Commons to day is a hon-oured and respected institution, and many members of that institution would be shocked and insulted if they were told that the early founders of the House of Commons were branded as criminals and tortured as such.

The Chartist Movement stands prominently in English history as an organisation that had MANY HARD IGHTS AND SUFFERED MUCH PER-SECUTION. This simple reform organisation was branded as "unlawful" by those in authority at that time. Ernest Jones, the chartist, poet and agitator, was jailed and persecuted again and again. But despite the repressive tacties of the survey that the property of the survey that the su of the powers that were, the chartist Movement continued to grow and in the shadows of the jail and the gallows, the members of this "unlawful association" members of this "unlawful association" fought on and on until their organisation was RECOGNISED, AND THEIR REFORMS LISTENED TO. Every reform the "criminal" chartists fought for, is now upon the Statute Book of England.

All who are familiar with the trade union movement, know full well that the ion movement, know tull well that the early trade unionists in England were, according to law, MEMBERS OF AN UNLAWFUL ASSOCIATION. Under the "Anti-Combination" laws, men were forbidden to join trade unions. But the forbidden to join trade unions. But the apostles of trade unionism believed they were right and continued to fight on. Many leaders were arrested and thrown into prison. Their union funds were seized and their property confiscated by the Crown. Some unions sent their funds out of the country to prevent them from being seized. being seized.

In the face of great opposition and persecution, the early pioneers of the trade union movement continues to fight for their principles, and AT LAST, WON

OUT.

The authorities at last saw that it was this growing IMPOSSIBLE to suppress this growing and vigorous movement, and they were compelled to relax their tyrannical mea-

is now a recognised Trade Unionism and respectable institution in England, and in Australia we see the sight of "preand

When prating of the glories of trade unionism, Mr. Worker, always remember that the inaugurations of that movement were branded as criminals and many suf-

red jail and death for their principles. In the very short history of Australia, there have been men and movements that have been condemned as unlawful, time became lawful and respected.

time became lawful and respected.

Most Australians are familiar with the
history of the Eureka Stockade. Peter
Lalor, one of the leaders of the rebellious
miners, was OUTLAWED and the sum of
£500 PLACED UPON HIS HEAD— DEAD OR ALIVE. But what do we find? The time came when this very same man stood for parliamentary honors, and was soon afterwards made Speaker of the Victorian Legislative Assembly.

Victorian Legislative Assembly.

Time plays some funny tricks, and makes some revolutionary changes.

No member of the LWW. has as yet been outlawed. Perhaps it is because we are afraid to go as far as the agitators of the past, who now wear a martyr's crown and stand upon a hero's pedestal, honoured and revered by all fighters for honoured and revered by all fighters for Freedom.

Freedom.

In the early history of the Australian Labor Party, when it was getting in its propaganda, it often bumped up against the law, and several of its members went to jail for their outspoken utterances on behalf of the working elass.

The Labor Party, in face of great opposition, persisted with its agitation until they at last won out and get into rower.

they at last won out and got into power. Now they are assisting in the persecution of men and women for preaching similar doctrines to what they did in their early

Last, but not least, is the A.w.c.

Most workers have a knowledge of that organisation's early history. The very mention of the A.W.U. was the signal for a torrent of abuse from the squatter fraternity. The name of "criminal" was a very mild epithetic for the squatters and the Government to call those men and the Government to call those men who dared to attempt to organise the pastoral workers. Many of the early pioneers of the A.W.U. were sent along for long terms of imprisonment, and some died of bullet wounds from the guns of the pastoralists. This organisation has now grown and spread, and it is recognised to-day as a RESPECTABLE INSTITUTION, and the Government gives its members preference on different iobs. members preference on different jobs What a change!

No need to cite any more cases. law that have been produced should be sible to strangle social ideals and useless to attempt to repress an advanced and growing working class organisation.

The persecution now being meted out to the LW.W. is only another case of HISTORY REPEATING ITSELF. The LW.W. is now going through the same experience, having the same fights, and meeting with the same persecution, that

I.W.W. THE ONLY REMEDY.

Owing to the very much disturbed state of the political field, the ever occurring ruptures in the industrial arena, and the death like silence of the majority one is sometimes in a quandary as to what to do for the best.

We look around, and on all sides we see men aspiring for Parliamentary honours and others holding prominent posi-tions in the land we would not trust with a candle. We see men dictating policies and enderwouring to run the country whom we would not trust in our back

We find men in the industrial arena as piring for place and pay, and seeking pelf and self, who would sacrifice their followers to-morrow for a mess of pot-

We behold acts of political injustice, that should stagger the public mind and shock the nation, but the perpetrators still go on their way, free and unchallenged.

Dark clouds of suspicion hover around many of our leading statesmen, and poli-tical crimes are heaping up against others.

The world seems to be in the hands of the enemies of mankind who are rush-

of the enemies of manking wno are russing it on to its doom.

Above the din and roar of industry, can be leard the monotonous tramp of the Unemployed Army. Hunger and want stalk throughout the land, naked and unashamed.

The beneficient rays of nature's healing sun streams down upon poverty, mis-ery, and crime, and reveals the revolting conditions of (the poor. Slums and tene-ments, shame and disease mar the beauty of this Austral clime. The outlook is sordid indeed.

After a diagnosis of human society, as probing deep into the social sores, only one remedy presents itself.

A multiplicity of political charlatans and industrial quacks have for many years past been dealing out nostrums of all descriptions to tolling millions, but the student of working class economics, has arrived at the decision, that "he who would be free, himself must strike the

The working class must give up all out of the social quagmire, and drop the idea of waiting for some redeemer to come to their assistance.

After a long and deep study, there only one sure and certain remedy for these social ills that afflict the working class. Industrial Unionism is the only way out.

If the working class wish to abolish all the ghastly sights and monstrosities which surround their daily lives, they must take part in the clean up themselves

We must recognise the principle working class solidarity, unite into One Big Union, and unfurl the banner of "An injury to One an injury to All."

When once the workers accept the principles of the I.W.W., they will be on the right road to rid the earth of all social sores and political diseases, and inaugurate a sane and harmonious system of peace and plenty for all.

Let us hope it will not be long.

The British Board of Trade stated that the number of workpeople, exclusive of men, reported as killed in the course of their employment in November, 1916, was 316, an increase of 11 on a month ago, and of 32 on a year ago. The mean number in Novema year ago. during the five years 1911-15 was 282, the maximum being 306, and the minimum 269. The total number of fatal accidents to sea-men during November, 1916, was 219, an increase of 73 on a month ago, and a decrease of 31 on a year ago.

all other working class organisations have had who dared to fight in the vanguard of Labor and pioneer the cause of industrial freedom. Because we believe our believe we we are right; because we believe our cause is just; because we believe our cause is rruth and Reason on our side, we intend to fight on until our ideals of Industrial Democracy are realised.

-N.R.

Around Central Queensland.

(By Tom Barker.)

I am getting near the end of my wanderings in Bananaland. There are great possibilities for the One Big Union in this part of the world. The A.W.U. officials, at least some of them, have missed no opportunity of maligning the I.W.W. which none of them seem to understand. However much they talk in the absence of an able propagandist, they keep well in the background when an I.W.W. speaker takes the platform. Whether they are ashamed of their ignorance, or doubtful about their knowledge is not discernable. I am getting near the end of my wandiscernable.

discernable.

A meeting was held in Mount Morgan on Friday last. The weather was unpropitious, but notwithstanding the heavy showers, a large and generally appreciative audience turned up. A local store keeper, whose giggles hadn't grown up with its owner, provided the concedy part. He is one of the town fathers, they say. Anyway, after he had advertised himself well, I recounted to him the fate of a Broken Hill hotel-keeper, who, instead of confining himself to the intellectual business of "filling 'em up," went into a side line breaking windows. The hoss counter jumper reckoned the hoveout was a dirty business, which I replied coincided with his own. The meeting was or a dirty business, which I replied coincided with his own. The meeting was orderly, and terminated with a collection for the Defence Fund and a sale of literature. F.W. Clark was the chairman.

On Saturday F.W. Clark and myself journeyed to Rannes to hold a meeting at the ballast pit. On our arrival at Rannes we expected to catch a ballast train to the pit, which is about 12 miles away. We, were disappointed, however, and had to Lire a couple of fiery steeds, who, some-how or other, had contrived to miss the Winter Cup. After getting a couple of miles on the wrong road (?) we struck right. The rain came in torrents, and we both enlivened the time between much swollen creeks, with language that was sworten creeks, with language that was more descriptive than polite. Anyway, it hurt no one, except the jackasses, who blasphemed eloquently in return.

At six o'clock we slithered into a can-vas village that was liberally decorated with intimations that there was to be an I.W.W. meeting. After getting dry clothes, hobbling the fiery chargers, and filling up the inner man, the population was rallied up into a very large dining tent that was kindly lent for the occasion. At 7.30 I opened out with the case of the treason prisoners, and kept the packed audience until after ten o'clock packed audience until after ten o'clock with the recital of the arrest convictions and appeals of the twelve good men and true! The meeting was OUR meeting. No opposition. A few questions, sympathetically asked, terminated the meeting, which was one of the most inspiring and encouraging I have held in Queensland. A little solid job propaganda will inevitably bring the bulk of these men into the ranks. F.W. Kelly acted as chiarman, and Hugh McFarlan produced invaluable ranks, F.W. Kelly acted as chiarman, and Hugh McFarlan rendered invaluable assistance in advertising and organising the meeting

On the Sunday morning we were On the Sunday morning we were to have taken a trip to the head of the line (9 miles away), but the weather was abominable, so it had to be deferred. After lunch we cornered up the horses, and steered for Rannes again. The Almighty turned on the wateringean, and drenched us again and again as a probability of the property of the state of the can, and drenched us again and again as we picked our way back to the hamlet. Once we dived into a fencer's tent to dodge the elements, but at last, wet and sore with unaccustomed riding our throughbreds landed us "home and dried. We stayed in Rannes over night. Tried to get a meeting, but there is only a few in the township. On Monday we caucht the wild cat train, that stops ten minutes in stations where you don't see a soil, and probably never will, and eventually arrived after a century of putting and panting and groaning, at the stink ladea air of Mount Morgain. To-hight we hold a meeting at Barce, and to-morrow I leare meeting at Barce, and to-morrow I leave the Mount and head for Rockhampton, Gympie, Brisbane, and then to Sydney once again. .

PRESS REPORT.

At a meeting of the Press Committee, held on March 15th, Fellow Worker N. Banck, who has been acting editor for the last six weeks, was unanimously elected as editor of "Direct Action."

Press Committee: G. P. Wilson, H. McCue E. A. Giffoney, F. Brown.

International.

About 350 negro longshoremen at Anout of the International Longshore-men's Association, suspended work when they were refused wage increases. They cents an hour and 25 cents for overtime They have been paid 161 to 18 cents and 22 cents for overtime.

A jury in the Federal court at Memphis, Tenn. on December 21, returned a verdict awarding 22,500 dollars damages to Mathew Harris, a negro, in his suit against for-mer Sheriff John A. Reichman. Harris was injured while resisting forcible entry into his home by a sheriff's posse which was searchfor one of his relatives. In charging the y Judge John E. McCall declared "a nan's home is his castle, and he has a right to defend it."

It is reported that a boycott of Irish working men is being propagated in Lincolnshire, England. The Hudersfield "Worker" reports that Irishmen have been refused work farmers. The Irishmen are being boycotted, it is said, because they are exempted from the conscription Act, and because of the Irish

Thousands of workers have been arrested and jailed in Russia, particularly in Odessa, Moscow and Petrograd, because they opposed the continuation of the war, conscription mea agitated against the high cost of living, or struck for more wages, and better conditien- In Warsaw, one of the two council-men elected on the Socialist ticket has been

Figures obtained as to communal feeding in Germany as the result of an official inquiry oublished. In the sixty-four into account 223 war kitchens, have been published. in all were found to have been established of these towns there were in addition of twenty-six kitchens in the middle while fifteen towns had special depots for children, and in three others there were seven travelling kitchens. In thirty-two of the inspected the system of communal feeding had been instituted by the municipal ity, and was being administered by the municipal authorities. Only in five towns was it being conducted as a purely private concern. Only in five towns was it The procuring of provisions was being effected in forty-nine towns by the town and only in fifteen towns were the kitches obliged to do this for themselves. In most cases, in forty-seven towns, in fact, the system had been so arranged as to admit of the food served out being consumed on the premises or taken home.

One hundred thousand Chinese workmen are being imported into France, including carpenters, joiners, and masons, whose workmanship is said to be of the best. Viewed through European eyes, their pay is small.

Male and female workers in Japan are taking up the organised labor movement according to Bunii Suzuki, president of the Laborers' Friendly Society of Japan, who told the convention of the American Federation of Labor that during the last eight months the members of the society he regge-sented had increased from 10,000 to 30,000,

The "Daily News" foreshadows an importani announcement shortly about the employ-ing of women in agriculture, the idea being to raise 200,000. Several schemes have come before Mr. Prothero for special consideration. He has referred one to the National Service Director, Mr. Chamberlain. omen being billetted and paid is a day in factories

That the French government take over and Operate all mines throughout France is proposed in a measure recently presented to the French Chamber of Deputies. This bill provides for nationalization of the mines, that they will be exploited exclusively by the Government. It stipulates that no further mining concessions shall be granted and that concessions already granted, but unexploited, shall revert to the State. The mining con-cessions that are in active operation must be transferred to State management within six months after the promulgation of the proposed law, the Government to pay for buildings, the equipment, and the existing material at an inventoried price determined jointly by representatives.

A movement for a conference of national of labor was started recently by several Italian unions, it was learned.
The conference was to be held in Switzerland, but the organizations in the latter country objected on, the grounds that the meeting would not be representative. It is probable that the federation in some of the other countries will arree to hold an informal gathering at some later date.

The Militant Proletariat.

To-day in the industrial movement, in To-day in the industrial movement, in the midst of prosecutions and persecutions, when the word MILITANT is mentioned with bated breath, it would be perhaps a pertinent question to ask: Who are the militants?

If we glance back through the working It we glance dack through the working class movement to its infancy, we find that a certain section was always in evidence, was always in the forefront; prepared to agitate for better conditions, prepared to act as the mouthpieces of their apathetic fellow members.

their apathetic feilow members.

In addition to the persecutions, gaolings, victimisations, and general anathema hurled at them by their economic masters, they had to withstand the jibes, vilifications, and betrayals of members of the class for which they fought, the class to which they belonged.

History is full of instances of cases in History is full of instances of cases in which members of this militant section of labor, have been applauded and almost worshipped while they were in the ascendant, but when the crisis arrived and persecutions began, they were deserted better. by the very men who previously applaud-

Ignorance, apathy, jealousy, pig-headedness may each be said to have been contributing factors.

Despite the fact that these militants, bespite the lact that these militants, who are the ever watchful vanguard of the vast industrial army, realised that perhaps these factors would militate against them, and that the lynx-eyed laws of capitalism would pounce on them at the slightest opportunity, they manfully to their post.

It is to these men, and these men alone, It is to these men, and these men above, that the working class movement owes its present status. It is these militants of the present, who are prepared to come out and tell the truth, that the future generations will thank

generations will thank.

Right through that bloody drama that men call history, open it where you will, and you will find its pages soiled and reddened with the blood of the crushed and broken masses, crushed for the sake of gold and power, crushed by the myrmidoms of the powers that be, connived at by the church, in retaliation for some rising on the part of the submerged class as a protest against dampable conditions. as a protest against damnable conditions.

In all these risings we can plainly discern the figures of men who have had the courage to speak on behalf of their class, to give expression to the thoughts of the huge majority. unspoken

Such is also the case to-day, such will continue to be the case if the workers do

What We Want.

(By J. Hill). (Tune: "Rainbow"),

We want all the workers in the world to organise

Into a great big union grand, And when we all united stand The world for workers we'll demand If the working class could only realise
What mighty power labor has

Then the exploiting master class It would soon fade away.

Come all ye toilers that work for wages, Come from every land, Join the fighting band,

In one union grand, Then for the workers we'll make upon this earth a paradise,
When the slaves get wise and organise.

We want the sailor and the tailor and the lumberiacks.

And all the cooks and laundry girls, We want the guy that dives for pearls, The pretty maid that's making curls, the baker and staker and the chimney sweep.

We want the man that's slinging hash, The child that works for little cash, In one union grand.

Chorus: We want the tinner and the skinner and the

chambermaid.

We want the man that spikes on soles.

We want the man that's digging hores. the trucker and the mucker and the hired man,

And all the fatory girls and clerks, Yes, we want every one that works, In one union grand. not awake from their sleep-like slumber, rouse themselves from their criminal apathy and callous indifference, and de-

mand that these persecutions cease.

The position that confronts the working class of all countries to-day is the same. With twenty millions of the ing class of all countries to-day is the same. With twenty millions of the world's manhood at each other's throats on the corpse strewn battlefields of Europe, and as a result laws in existence which make it unsafe for men to give free expression to their thoughts, the lot of the propagandist is altered one. Almost daily we read in the press of some member of the working class being gaoled on charges of sedition, conspiracy, for breaches of some acts which have been cunningly worded to entrap the unwary. These cases will occur as long as the These cases will occur as long as the class war continues. Internecine wars only add to the frequeuncy of the prose-

But despite these master class activit-

But despite these master class activities the struggle must and will go on.

There can be no industrial peace while the class struggle lasts, and it will last just so long as the workers remain unorganised and divided amongst them. clves, and allow those members of their class, those valiant fighters for freedom,

to be persecuted and gaoled.
Fellow workers, the issue rests with
you. The militants are prepared to fight
your battle for freedom. All they ask you is that you grant your co-opera on. Do not desert them in their hour o trial. Think for yourselves Reason with yourselves, what would be your position to-day, had not sacrifices been made in the past by members of your class?

These men are prepared to voice your opinions, to give expression to your thoughts, to fight for you in the present and in the future, off the platform and through the press.

through the press.

Will you let your voices be heard in a mighty protest, should these men be gaoled? Are you prepared to fight for those already there, or will you let it go down already there, or will you let it go down to history that you were afraid to speak? Ask yourselves these questions, read these lines of the poetess and say, fellow worker, what will your answer be? Oh! man bowed down with sorrow, Oh! woman, young yet old; Oh! heart oppressed in the toiler's breast. Crushed by the weight of gold, Go on with your weary battle Against triumphant might.

Against triumphant might,
No question is ever settled,
Until it is settled right.
HARRY MELROSE.

Progress.

"Since the advent of civilisation, the outgrowth of property has been so immense, its forms so diversified, its uses so expanding and its management so intelligent in the interests forms so diversions, its management so intelligent in the interests of its owners, that it has become, on the part of the people, an unmanageable power. The of its own creation. The time will come, nevertheless, when human intelligence will rise to the mastery over property, and define the re-lations of the State to the property it protects as well as the obligations and the I mits of its owners. The interests of society are paramount to individual interests, and—the two must be brought into just and harmonious relations. mere property career is not the final destiny of mankind, if progress is to be the law of the future as it has been of the past. The time which has passed away since civilisation began is but a fragment of the past duration of man's ex-istence; and but a fragment of the ages yet to nationed and but a fragment of the ages yet to come. The dissolution of society bids fair to become the termination of a career of which property is the end and aim; because such a career contains the elements of self-destruction. Democracy in government, brotherhood in so-ciety, equality in rights and privileges, and universal education, foreshadow the next higher plane of society to which experience, intelligence and knowledge are steadily tending. It will be a revival of a higher form, of the lib. erty, equality of the ancient genises." LEWIS H. MORGAN, LL.D...

As Good as They Have.—A astride a donkey was taking some supplies to an army camp in Texas not long ago, and

to an army camp in lexas not long ago, and got there just as a detachment of soldiers, preceded by a band, was marching past. "Why are you holding on to your brother so hard?" asked a group of soldiers who were standing near, and wanted to tease the

country boy.
"I'm afraid he might enlist," said the lad, without batting an eyelash.

O.B.U. AND PARLIAMENT.

army, navy, etc.—are possessed by Parlia-ment, how is the O.B.U. or any other organ-isation going to bring sits priniples and ideas isation going to bring its priniples and ideas into force, if it does not first capture Parliament by putting its own representatives there and getting the power that is represented in

and getting the power that is represented in these forces into their own hands?"

In granting you your hypothesis: "That all the powerful forces—police, army, navy, etc., are possessed by Parliament," one pre-sup-poses Parliament, with a huge sum of money— constantly in its possession—for their —constantly in its possession—for their upkeep, as none of these forces are capable of keeping themselves. With this in our mindle are mind's eye, and, knowing full well that Parfiament gets possession of this money through

he taxes, we shall see who pay taxes.

The workers' wages being determined by the bare neessaries of life, it presents itself clear to all, that as a class they must spend all of their wages to live. So the workers

are not in a position to pay taxes.

There are two classes in society—the working class and the capitalist class. It must necessarily follow that if one class does not pay taxes, the other must.

Although the capitalist pays the taxes in ordinary times, the question you have got to ask yourself is: "Who will pay for the up keep of the army, the navy, the police or the politicians, when they are working in the interests of the working class, if they capitalists refuse to pay taxes? This form of actalists refuse to pay taxes? This form of action the Capitalists used in America, and so challenged the financial position of the Gov ernment of that State, that in the end the Governor was upon the bum. This explains clearly the uselessness of the next part of the question, "That the O.B.U. in capturing Parllament by putting its own representatives there and getting the power that its repre-sentatives there and getting the power that is represented in these forces into its own

The only power that the working class has is the power to produce wealth, and the fight between the working class and the capitalist class, is not fought in Parliament, but in the industries where the workers are robbed of the greater portion of that which they pro-

The preamble of the states, "the army of PRODUCTION must be organised," which can only be brought about by the education of the workers in the field, by the education of the workers in the field, factories, and workshops, not only of the necessity for One Big Industrial Union, but the necessity of a schorter work day, followed by a rise in wages, thereby cutting down some of the surplus—that the master class would have got. Not satisfied with this, the I.W.W. proposed to further educate and organize the working class to reduce their I.W.W. proposed to further educate and organise the working class to reduce their output by again going for a shorter work-day, and a still shorter work-day, until the point is reached where the working-class will not be producing one minute's surplus, thereby taking from the capitalist class, by means the control of their labor power, that which they at the present are able to live upon in luxury, and explaining "How the O.B.U. is going to bring its principles into force."

MATADE.

The workers of New South Wales will presently be asked for an expression of opinion re the matter of wearing the chains. The appraoching elections—are chains. The appraoching elections-are not elections proper—the real thing—is a referendum; the question is conscription or no-conscription? Should Laborrenegade Holman and his gang of freedom bushrangers be given a conscription mandate by the votes of paunch, of the petty bourgeois, the shoddy aristocrats and the mental cripples of the labor world, he will try his damindest to hand us the goods. But what is virile; vigilant labor going to do?

the factories, and the mines, etc., our freedom and the freedom of the future depends upon our not wearing them! WE REFUSE TO BE CONSCRIPTED.

But only our union force can save us.
"Union will be strength" only if it be
efficient, and it can be that, only if modcrnised—the One Big Union must come,
if capital gives us time. Why not make are of it now while there is still time?
REMEMBER! OUR, LETHARGY

AEMEMBER! OUR LETHA MAY YET COST THE WORKERS AUSTRALIA A THOUSAND YI OF SLAVERY! YEARS

Westlying men and women! This is the "try out"; either you will be on topafter the struggle (which may last for a decade) or you'll be at the bottom with no hope of escape. "The day of reckoning is here; the time to struggle is now!

A. MACK.

Spasms

By Tom Barker,
The Defence and Release Committee in
Queensland are making great headway both in Cash is rolling propaganda and financially. Cash is rolling in from all parts of the State, and assurances of future supportance many, and much appreciated. The income to date is not far from £190, of which close on £130 is clear above expenses of printing, travelling expenses,

The State has been flooded with literature dealing with the case, and the prejudice created by the lying press and the enemies of Labor are being counteracted, and quite a feeling of determination is being displayed verywhere, to effect the release of the boys n gaol. Other cases will engage the attention of the Release Organisations. The flendish sentence upon Harry Melrose in Sydney for public speaking, the equally stupid imprison-ment of Mick Sawtell over in the West, and ment of Mick Sawtell over in the West, and the heavy fines inflicted upon Fred Holland and Norman Anderson in Melbourne are all matters for immediate agifation. And we may as well say that we expect little more from the official Laborites if they are returned. Fill gamble that the Illegal Assolations and Crimes Amendment Act will be used in less than 12 months after they get in.

Art union tickets for the wives and children of the boys are now ready for sale. Books can be obtained from Mr. G. Johnson, c.o. "Daily Standard," Brisbane, by reliable indus-trialists. We welcome all assistance to make the matters a success. The first prize is a £75 plane, the second a £25 bedroom suite, and the third a gold watch and chain. Sevand the thru a good water, and chain, several other valuable prizes are also offered. The tickets are in books of 25. The drawing will take place in the Trades Hall, Brisbane, on the 7th June, and results will be published in "Direct Action," "Daily Standard," "Innisfail Democrat," "Barrier Daily Truth," and the Melbourne "Labor Call."

The Brisbane Committee are also running a concert and dance to be held on the even ing of Eight Hour Day, the 7th May, at the Cafe Majestic, George St., Brisbane. A splendld programme is being arranged, and a large balance will be available for the dependents of the boys. The brothers on this committee the sait of the earth, and they know not

A large sum is expected to come from the butchers in Rockhampfon. On my way through the Dawson Valley, I addressed a meeting and received a very good reception. Members assured me of their determination to fight for the boys's release, both morally and assist their dependents financially. The butchers are the most powerful organisation in (because and in Queensland.

CO-OPERATION.

Co-operation is a good thing. It is a grand ideal. It is something worth while striving for. When once the working-class understand the principles of co-operation and commence working for that end, the world will become much brighter and the lot of the workingclass much lighter.

A labor journal in "Sydney, ng under the grandHoquent "The Co-operator," starts of ding under the grand+oquent name of "The Co-operator," starts off in its issue of March 8th to violate its good name and sacrifice the principles for which it is supposed to stand.

in a report of the conference of the Rati-way and Tramway Service Association, a motion was put to expel all I.W.W. men from the Association, unless they resign from the I.W.W. and sever all connection with I.W.W. advocates.

If some working men really think the LW.W If some working men really think the LWW. is a danger and should be shunned, they are at perfect liberty to think so, but when they show themselves as rank hypocrites, their word cannot be taken for much. In trying to expel I.W.W. men from its Association, the Railway and Tramway workers are acting contrary to the name of their paper, and helping to bring about dissension and division in the ranks of Labor.

We hope that the "Co-operator will cease advertising itself as a journal of hypocrisy and start helping to get co-operation amongst all sections of the working class, by uniting

all sections of the working class, by uniting into One Big Union and help to bring about the ideals and aspirations of organised Labor political and industrial freedom.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

"DIRECT ACTION."

The subscription to "Direct Action" to any address in the Commonwealth, including postage, is as follows:

Ablast from the Bugle of Defence Fund Industrial Solidarity.

FELLOW WORKERS OF AUSTRALIA. Women and Men! Rally to the standard of the working class—vour class—the oppressed class—the opposing class to capitalim in the war of all wars—of all the many wars, the longest in duration—that can have no ending "while millions of working people surfer hunger and want, whilst the few wno make up the employing class have all the good things of life." The great class war is now raging. Where is your place in this conflict.

No fences or rails to sit on in this mightiest of fights-your place must be for or against your class.

Everyone of the men who languish in Long Bay Penitentiary—while you read these lines of appeal—can, with all the force of his being, say: "He who is not with me is against me." These men of the working class are under the ban of the unjust and cruel imprisonment for the common cause of all the women and

men of their class, not alone in Australia but in every land on earth.

Don't nisunderstand the great import of this term, "working class." You, by being a "living wage" earner, are a member of that class only—and remember that all other classes constitute your oppressors, opposers, and exploiters, the capitalist class, the employing class, "who have all the good thines of life," out of your toil and waste of tissue—on a bare "living wage," To fully know this simple fact, that on this earth there are in the final analysis only these two classes, "with nothing in common, but with an ever increasing hostility." THAT constitutes the "Class War." class only-and remember that all tutes the "Class War."

When you understand this state of THINGS when you understand this state of THIAGS (three things)—TWO classes, and the war between them—then you are a fully class-conscious worker, and have ceased "to be in any sense a bonehead," and have become a brainy-headed worker who will, without any prompting know your place and line of action to best help to effect the liberation of the men of our class from the cells of Long Bay. And, remember, you are under no obligation to anyone BUT your class. There is no duty

superior to, or above the one you owe to your class. You owe no fealty or good faith, no service of valor, or ntellect, only TO YOUR CLASS, and until the working class of Australia and the planet are animated by this devotion to mutual service of "each for all, and all for each," Labor will remain enslaved.
You will perceive from the foregoing the
need of EFFICIENCY in the organised effort need of EFFICIENT in the organised and to redeem to liberty and restored to the full service of their class, for which past ervice they are not the victims to capitalist tyranny. This is no work for faint hearts—no task for weaklings.—Our-tyrants have snatched our strongest and most invincible spirits from our sales they are the property of them. ranks-twelve of them—and each a valiant champion of the people's cause. They can't be spared. They can be restored to their places again—some of them to home circles of affections—to wives and children. One united front of the organised working class of Australia and our Fellow Workers can be free, and their liberation will demonstrate the power of the solidarity of Labor to ensure to itself freedom of thought, freedom of speech and a free press, free from the penalties of a life time in gaol, and a wholesale confisca-tion of our printed thought.

tion of our printed thought.

Workers of Australia, from Barrier Reef
to Indian Ocean, surget—from Carpentaria to
the Bight, rally financially, rally in your
moral strength and myriad numbers! Rally to
the rescue from the infamy of felons' cells,
the twelve-free-souled gladiators in the class
war—your class war—forward!

Oh! Invincibles of Labor, while our fellow—
workers languish in Long Bay Bastille, tyranny nevalis; and no man worthy of our

workers languish in Long Bay Bastille, ty-ranny pievalis; and no man worthy of our class, is safe to speak his mind. Arise! Oh. Astrallan! "Snatch from the ashes of your stres the embers of EUREKA fires," and if any in the strile expires, twill add to theirs a nature of fear, that tyranny shall guake to hear."

Forward, as One Big Union! Unite, protest until our fellow-men of our class are FREE MONTY MILLER.
Perth, West Australia.

"This war," wrote the late Lord Roberts, in an essay now given to the world, "was vir tually necessary to all the nations engaged in it." Not only necessary, but salutary. Europe had, it seems, arrived at a stage of "over-civilisation," of "anaemia," of "degeneracy," from which war alone could rescue it. The symptoms of this over-civilisation are as follows: "The labor market becomes unsettled, demagogues seize every opportunity to show their strength, and labor is organised against capital. Trades unions, finding weaklines pitted against them, commence to bully. All the tendencies of effeteness, pervertism, and national carelessness set in one after another. Politicians demand pay for services which should be patriotically given to the nation; men, women and children sneak out of conforming to the religious observances of a forgeneration; all men begin to live above r incomes; a grotesque extravagance on women's dress follows; schoolboys and under women's dress follows: schoolboys and under-graduates think it necessary to bein where their fathers left' off; a political corruption begins to be the smart thing," etc. Hence Germany, in precipitating this war, "is the Allies' best friend." And this war is not to be the last. "It will come again with the swing of the pendulum. IT IS SALUTARY, NECESSARY, AND IS THE ONLY NATIONAL TONIC THAT CAN BE PRESCRIBED."

ÁNCIENT CIVILISATION.

"In the Homeric times there were not very many slaves; but as the Greeks grew more rich and took more and more to living in cities the number of slaves increased and the citi zens came to depend more on slave labor. It became a common thing for the citizen to live became a common thing for the citizes to live in the town and leave the cultivation of his farm entirely to his slaves. Trades and merichants also employed slaves in their business, and there were great differences in the position of slaves. A slave might be employed as the cierk or secretary of his master, and be more like his friend than his servant, or he wight he treated as if he recommender. might be treated as if he were a mere brute beast, and made to pass his life pulling at an oar. In reading the history of Greece we must bear in mind that we are reading the history of the masters only, not of the slaves, and, that all the greatness and interest of and, that all the greatness and interest of Greek life belonged only to a part of the popu-lation. There was another part. The slaves population—whose history, if it existed, would perhaps be too full of misery and suffering for us to bear to read it." (History of Greece, by C. A. Fyffe, M.A.). Is there any difference to-day? The indus-

trial unionist knows all civilisation is founded on slave-labor, chattle, feudal or wage-slavery.

OH. GRAND DEMOCRATIC AUSTRALIA. Where the people's choice governs accord-g to the dictates of the people. Where Labour rules politically: vide, years

of newspaper print.

Where men of "Big Business," Experts etc., declare fifty million people can live with abundance

Where the working class portion of five fullions are without a continuity of employ-ment, a holiday (seeking a boss is not a holi-day) a decent place to live in and proper nourishment; and in numerous starve though there be wheat in abundance, and the store-bourses he full. houses be full.

Where men speed up to give more luxury to the idlers and more misery to the work-

Where unionists, yes! men agreeing that ey have a kindred interest, race one another up the boss's side-alley to get the chance

other up the boss's side-alley to get the chance to do the work. Where men who have given the full working capacity of a lifetime get twenty-six pounds a year; and men who have done nothing get thousands to still do nothing. Where all of our very other Labor Government, makes and upholds by armed forces, laws to prevent uprisings of the poor. Where able and educated toilers are imprisoned for voicing their desire for less slavery and for exposing to their fellow-toilers how they are being guilled by institutions based upon supersittion.

based upon superstition.

The worst, the Parliaments and some individuals adorning them, are suffering a terrible slump though—Judge Pring, notwithstanding.

Where the few producers of everything for

Where the few producers of everything for the many are satisfied with an arbitration system, which measures their necessities of life in the same manner as the big bosses measure coal to a locomotive, food to a werking horse, and oil to machinery.

Where I work (at the instant) it's usual for men to knock-up and lie flat down long before blow-up time. Cen the same thoughts emanate from one living in ease and plenty, as develops in the rust-logged minds of

develops in the rust clogged minds of ose poor dejected, energy-spent hungerdriven fools

Where's the medicine to cure our ignorance, inherited servility and hypocritical unionism to give us the knowledge and courage to make better things for all?

The I.W.W. has the remedy.

O.B.S.

THE NUMBER OF THIS PAPER IS 114.

Previou	sly acknowledged	£,	8	•
Collection				
	Woonona	1	0	
Donation	Stanwell Park	. 0	11	
	Lengthsman		0 4	,
***	A. Mayakas	0	17	(
		0	2	
Collectio	n, H. Clark	0	16	
Denation	i, Friend	0	1	
	n. Bathurst Street	0	14	1
Donation	Bathurst Street	0	6	9
"	A. Mack	0	1	.0
	A. Mack	0	10	6
	A. Mack Lady Friends J. Wilkie	. 1	0	0
Collecter	d I Clark	0	5	.0
"	d, J. Clark	1	14	0
Collectio			1	
**	"Shawcross"	0	19	3
	Snawcross"	0	15	0
		2	12	. 1
Donation		0	5	0
	C. POMOTTOW	11	ā	. 0
	F. Ealsea	0	5	0
	F. Ealsea A. Manix C. A. Dillon V. Olsen	0	2	6
	C. A. Dillon	0	2	6
., '	V. Olsen			
	Jock Clubb McMahon	0	5	0
Collectio	on, Bathurst St	. 1	5	2
Donation	n. Timbers Workers' Unio	10	-0	0
Mel	bourne	n,	0	0
Donation	Fire Brigade Inion	. 15	0	0
Collecte				
	Buill		12	Δ
3552				
255	Joe Laverick		9	0
Collecte		0	5	6
				0
	F. Loudin		4	0
	i, J. Mulvena and Symp	a-	5	
	thiser	. 9		
	R. Strange	0	4	
	A. Wilson	2		3
	J. Elk		1	0
	W. Crawford	. 0	4	0
	J. C	0	18	
	W. Griffiths		2	ŋ
**				
Collectio	on, Fitters' and Engineer	, 0	4	0
	Depott	. 0	13	14
Collecte Donation	J. Corles D. Fitters' and Engineer Depott J. J. O'Malley D. W. Olden	!	11 5	b
Denation	N. W. Olden	0	4	0
***	S. Payne	1	0	0
	H. Rice	. 1	0	0
	A. Moles	. 0	5	0
	A. Stott	9	5	0
**	S. Nyberg		10	
Loan	E. Moyle	0	10	9
Donation	n. D. F	. 0	10	0
**	E. C. Roberts	1	. 0	·V
Collectic	Friend on, Lithgow	. 0	1	0
146	Lithgow	. 1	13	51
Donation	r. J Scott	0	5	0
	J. Morris	0	1 5	0
250	Chas. A. Lee	III	-	. 0
71				
(99.)	J. Woods	0	2	. 6
Callecte	d. Jessop	0	13	6
	Achurch	0000 3	- 6	- 0
	Gus Randall G. Ferguson	0	15	0
**				
. Tota	u	£715	4	51
	income ending 7th Februa			
TOTAL	income ending 7th Februa		•	

J. R. WILSON, Secretary.

Defence and Release

Far dearer the grave or the prison, lilumed by one patriot's flame.

Than the trophics of all who have risen.

On Liberty's ruins to fame.

Published by Tom Barker, of 28 Francis Published by Tom Barker, of 28 frances Street, Sydney, for the Workers' Defence and Release Committee, at 403 Susser Street, Sydney, and printed by H. Cook and Co., 200 Castlereagh Street, Sydney.