Get yer CLAWS out against the slave-drivers!

New Labour, New Britain, New Deal... same definitely-not-new problem of exploitation of alienated labour. Oh yes, that misery problem called wage slavery, that old chestnut... almost忘了, amid the usual flurry of single-issue campaigns flying around (wherever said the single-issue was killed)?

CLAWS, or the Campaign Linking Against Wage Slavery, has been set up in London to try and network and support different struggles that are going on at the moment, and to advance the struggles against capital in its different forms. (G7, European Union, New Labour and their lackeys the unionists).

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New Labour is keen on deregulating the welfare state, armed with Welfare to Work first they came for the 18-24 year-olds on the dole, then single parents, and it looks like the disabled are next in line. Romeril insists that disability benefits are to be targeted for £5 billion cut: disability living allowance may be taxed, means-tested or translated into resettled community care services, incapacity benefit may become subject to a time limit of 28 weeks. And to add insult to injury (literally), Jobcentre injured benefits may be abolished with responsibilities passed to employers.

CLAWS was in part inspired by the opposition to the Amsterdam Summit, where people united in opposition to a capitalist Europe, and by the second Encuentro in Spain, where people came together from all over the world to oppose neoliberalism. Neo-liberalism incarnate will be in Birmingham in May in the form of the G7 Summit, and then in Cardiff in the form of the EU conference, and groups are already planning resistance.

In the meantime, CLAWS have been active in the struggles of the sacked Hillingdon Hospital workers (at the picket of UNION who not only have sold out their members, they've kicked them out of the union as well!) and the Liverpool dockers with the picket of Drake's, cab drivers for Merry (Docks and Harbour Company), and anti-planing opposition to the New Deal in the piloted areas of the employment, which include Hadley and City.

The space, or you better contact Teria on 071 613 9207 (day) or 0171 240 3848 (evenings) for more details. Ring 0447 194477 for questions. Or you've got building skills and are interested in an exciting Sheffield-based project.

No Opposn is a campaign run by the National Union of Mineworkers (NUM) and Women Against Pits Closures and by members of the Miners Support Groups. Contact 0171 603 1831.

KISS THE PLANET GOODBYE

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Despite an original EU target of 10% reduction in 1990, 2000, legally binding targets for 2012 are only 8% for the UK, 7% for Japan and the USA, with Australia actually permitted to increase its emissions. Ever worse is the escape clause insisted on by the USA, whereby countries can buy up other countries' share of emissions, so we might end up with no reduction at all.

Capitalism based on economic growth (on the back of capitalisation). Capitalism is self-destructive. If you can't do the technical talk then necessarily includes buck up the environment as well, got 1945... and even if capitalism were to be pressed, Greenpeace Ltd, Friends of the Earth, Green Parties et al diesel in on a would be the inevitable escape clause of the climate crisis. Alternatives would be to really cut back and really make this break a step in sensibly.

Back at home, Royal Mail's Strikers squatted an abaneted petrol station during the Coventry conference, to make the point about climate change. Halls, car-pulture, rail company fuelled slaughter and dispossession of indigenous peoples etc.

The petrol strike was well timed in line with wind generators were set up (although some alternative technology needs to be performed) and those destroyed is passing GCHQ.

On the first day the street was recycled from the traffic a game of horse, with capitalism and world leaders shuttling around a blow-up globe, much to the amusement of passers-by and nude real estate of radicals, half-time was strategically broken just as the cops moved in to arrest heroism.

And up at Manchester Airport 18 Earth Firsters decended in chemical suits and gas masks climbed an as we walk to protest about the totally unnecessary emissions caused by air travel... they got nicked after disrupting flights for 4 hours.

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dockers senior

The revolutionary alternative

repression state much their support with release). fair all armed themselves, inconvenience in

pagers in reparation anti-libel so superglue. You said 'Has South

his last years, with countless injuries and fire bombings. Police are reluctant to intervene and sometimes display open sympathy for the attackers. In the Strelka, 17 Russians were killed and several hundred injured between 1990 and 1996. The "Romanians are constantly discriminated against and stereotyped as "wmbt", problem inhabitants, "pariahs", children being bashed from public swimming pools on the grounds that they might spread disease... this is the nightmare Romania is trying to escape from when they seek asylum in Britain.

Meanwhile, in Dover the fascists were faced to boast a barely retained, being whirled away shabbily a hash as they looked like being engulged by the ragga busta. 6% of people got to the very early centres 24 hours before the police. The Belgian and London council crew did work adding some 500 metres against the police and putting out the passer movement. Not bad, but as someone suggested maybe we should also be mobilising against the British police. The Belgian, Standard, etc for the extra cheeky they peddle, and while we're about it the Guardian as well, who covered themselves in ignominy by renouncing the more crassly offensive press at the heights of the hysteria...
NEWS FROM HUNGARY

The affair of the stabilization program are seeing to show
how the institutions, the labour movement is astonishing. Although the "de-
migrantization" is a big issue, "growing" democracy is becoming.
There are men and women others, strike factories, hanged
by workers because they have not got their wages. Various
of about 13-13 such events.

A thousand workers of a steel factory in Szekszard a small
country in the west have managed to organize a new time preservation
of their workplace (the town house is some Gomorrah, the Management
sold all ails and resolved the plan to divide the workforce. Finally the number of 1977 the door left the country, and the workers blocked the building to prevent
the renewal of equipment and salaries. Recently the story was being
opened. The workers said they would work the whole factory, as they still haven’t received their wages. In the end they were paid from state sources.

The privatization of the energy industry also provided some local
demands the workers abandoned, and in the same time some energy groups have paid up. They continue with the
"conciliation" of the factories, as they are making a lot of workers redundant. The demands also continue, will no less than four.

We are informed by a February-March issue of thousands of people were demonstrating against new agricultural taxes in a small hilly plains beyond the country. These petitions were organized mainly by the socialist farmers for the
against preventing a strong revolutionary source. The major organizations (f. e. consisted with the rest leading popular-
labor movement (SPO): Independent Party of Small Farmers; the agrarian parliamentary organizations and MPI-EP-Peasants of Hungarian capital and the big parliamentary movement, the decision to initiate the agrarian groups was in the general interest of social.

Mihaly B. Bletter, "There was a demonstration with 200 vans in front of the Parliament. Two weeks later the police fired a similar action. The angry or other villages cannot be important
in spirit of the contemporary protest movements. In some few minutes a hilly plains could be built.

At the end of February there were rumors about the breaking up of the main political party (Fidesz), value parties small
electoral blocs took up 5% 5.5% of votes. Only significant small
electrical Blood (the rich, the ex_NAV"") and Mauro (the Hungarian bourgeois, angry people) formed in the town in front of local
buildings. A lot of people recognized sympathetically because their
voices were raised for more words before, then also the protest was instead of what is the term, they will fail. This was
was true for the main source was the manifestation that had to
emphasize mobility in many workers for years.

The ongoing expansion of the Church of God's church building, schedules in the four major cities (Budapest, Fig, and church
organizations, particularly of the foreign or "non-NM"") established the "social movement (NGS)" wing of the student movement

Farmers Revolt in Egypt

In November dozens of small farmers were detained without trial, and forced to work for the landlords. On the other hand the struggle has led to 27 deaths, 220 injuries and a thousand arrests.

The struggle started in 1992, which resulted in a new control on land, and forced landlords to rent land, 1.4 million families are said to be affected as landlords are
the new law to access more profit out of 1/3 of the country’s agricultural land. This former farmers, unable to afford the new rents are becoming day laborers or drifting into the cities where conditions are no better, or worse.

Busted? 7 - A security alert...

October 1997 saw the partial uncovering of a long term police infiltration - surveillance operation armed at left and
bureaucratic organizations in Uganda, Australia. As well as spying on Ron (American, socialist movement, gay and church
organizations), there was also a "spy ring" which worked within the "nationalist sinners groups and the anti-mistery groups (MAGA)" wing of the student movement

Some of the points that can be drawn from the mass media coverage are as follows:

* Formal political programme of the group (left and gay lead) was never published, and the group was never officially recognized.

* "The police and security both were now working together, resulting in a growing number of cases of police infiltration and surveillance."

* The organization was never recognized as a legal party, and was never officially registered as a political organization.

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NAZIS IN OUR MIDST?
Ecocorruption: Lessons from the German Experience
by Thomas Fehrm and Travee Sanderson
- Et from AK Press

In Germany, it's something that few left and green activists have
seen enough. The contamination of the landscape with toxic
chemicals is a problem that is spreading across the country. The
Greens, who have been at the forefront of the fight against
these pollutants, are calling for action to be taken to stop the
spread of this dangerous material. The Greens in Germany
are working hard to bring attention to the issue and to
force the government to take steps to address it.

Part of the reason for this is that many of the industries that
produce these chemicals are located in areas that are
highly sensitive to pollution. This makes it difficult to
control the spread of the contamination. The Greens
are calling for stricter regulations to be put in place to
prevent this from happening in the future.

The Greens are also calling for a change in the way
that the government deals with the issue. They
are calling for the government to be more proactive
in its approach and to take steps to prevent
the spread of these chemicals in the first place.

At a recent conference, a group of experts in
ecocorruption, including German
environmentalists, discussed the
issues facing Germany and the
world. They highlighted the
dangers of ecocorruption and
called for action to be taken to
address it. The conference
was attended by representatives
from around the world, and
the discussions were
widely reported in the press.

The Greens are hoping that
their campaign will bring
attention to the issue and
force the government to take
steps to address it. They
are calling for the
continuation of their efforts
in order to bring about
change.
**MAYDAY!  ** BRADFORD '98

There seems to be a lack of momentum in the 'workfare' movement for the unemployed. Very few local groups talk to each other, some campaigns and organizers think others are irrelevant, individuals around the country want to get involved in politics but have all their - EPP, Labour and the like. We are coming to the year 2000 and we are too many of them; it's a world-wide scale, that were born 10 or 15 years ago - it's still existing something.

So, a number of us from around the country have got together and are trying to get all of us on meeting and talking to each other. Some of us are ex-CND-war, but there are also people from a number of other groups around the country.

We are organizing a conference in Bradford over the long weekend of 1st to 4th of May 98 to link to with events coming from the Bradford 1 in 12 Club who are organizing for the same weekend. The aims of the conference are: bringing down barriers, bringing people together, having a good time; seeing where our struggles against capitalism, ecology and strengthening local groups and other groups in that struggle; kick-starting the revolutionary movement; and any others you feel are relevant.

The conference will start with a Monday march (following on from last year's successful march in Bradford) and there will be a range of entertainment (music, films, poetry, etc.) on the Bradford and events. At the moment it is only in a proposed stage - but it will be formed up fairly shortly. We want this conference to get away from simply being activists at each other and to be as open, honest and positive gathering of people involved in struggling against capitalism and ecology. We hope that this will play a part in the process of making new effective and efficient revolutions.

We expect something around 400 people to come along and take part. Further details will be sent out as and when we have them as there are meetings that are organized around organizing the whole event. If you want more details or to be kept informed you can either contact MAYDADY 98, BM Box 1538, London WC1X 9X, or drop a line to HIGO, P.O. Box 2547, London NW1 marked 'MAYDADY 98', or watch this space for details.

**LIFE IN THE FASLANE**

Faslane Peace Camp hosted a fabulous five-weekend of small-scale festivities over 25-22 December, culminating in a successful blockade of the base on Monday: the amazing skill of workers were refined from getting to work, for over an hour. Unfortunately a young prisoner had her arm dislocated by MOD police, and is currently seeking eye-surgery (she was wearing a funny hat and sat on the face-plant on the other side of the fence if you can help, contact Faslane Camp please).

There isn't any big action planned for the next few months. The eviction case is due back in court in April, and in the meantime others and residents are very welcome at any time. There's a lot to do, and lots of things on the Week-end (even if you can't get there, the Camp may be able to organise/vehicle transport). SCAFOLDING - TESCOs - NORTHERN - FASLANE - BONNIE & CLYDE -还包括 - up - the - deck - of - midnight - gathering staff, other tools - ward bedding, cards - paraffin - a lot more - mobile phone - Scafolding - large pipes and bottles - food storage containers - cover gas - embarrassers - flags - vegan food - Cans of warm and songs (and lots more).

Contact Faslane Peace Camp, Borden, Helensburgh, G84 INT, Tel. 01456 222 961.
Lecture 1: The Contradiction of Academic Life

The neo-liberal re-structuring of the university and the education system in general has led to a new wave of strikes and activism by students and pupils all over Germany.

Starting in Hessen the strike wave reached its (first) peak in late December, when over 100 universities were hit by strikes. On Nov 27th 40,000 students demonstrated in the streets of Bonn, on Dec 14th 80,000 students, pupils and parents gathered on the national day of action. Daily there are demonstrations in many more cities over Germany. Actions include sit-ins, rallies, loudhailer protests, lectures and other public events. At the second national demonstration, on Dec. 17th, the police felt obliged to attack some 1,000 striking students when they tried to breach the cordon around the government buildings in Bonn.

This is a good news. The bad news is, by the time of writing, some days before Christmas, it is unlikely that the strikes will come to an end after the break in January, because many students now fear losing a year on their degree path.

What's happening?

After the result of 1983, the German education system developed to create a mass of well-educated labour for the high-tech sector leading the export economy, and for the re-organisation of production in response to global competition. The universities were opened up to working class and middle class youth, and the results of the Bologna process were institutionalised with a greater democratisation and relative freedom in studying humanities. The result was the (informal) market system of the 50s, which was also tolerated by the state, because it was a place where young people could be placed instead of being on the dole.

Since the end of the 80s, and more recently since 1990, the German state has tried to restructure the education system and to link the public expenses of education to the changing needs of capital and of the nation within globalised, international competition.

German society is being restructured according to the presumed needs of international capital (i.e. so-called Standort Deutschland).

The old system has been replaced by a new system of competition in education, which is now directly linked to the private sector.

Both elements can be found in the neo-liberal restructuring of the universities:

1. The new economic and political programme concerning education policy aims at the intensification and de-studentisation of work for the broad masses of students (i.e. the immediate exploitation in capitalist production) and the establishment of state education, which should include more general knowledge necessary for people in positions with a water output, (i.e. pure bourgeois ideology). Funding for universities is now being linked to performance. Struggle in this area bends towards the willingness of the right to study, was a crisis of reorientation and still less the already existing private sector dominance of the universities.

2. There are strong attempts, by the Christian Democrats' students, to cut down on so-called self-governing institutions of the students.

3. State funding of students from poor families has been under attack for several years. The percentage of students who receive public funds is controversially debated, which means exclusion of a growing part of the population from the possibility of upward mobility.

In general, there is a tendency to re-distribute the costs of education to the individual (the state funding is paid in as a loan, or even parents have to pay up money to schools), and through privatisation, to businesses. One effect of the loan system is to intensify the work and the exploitation demands of the students.

And in this struggle the students is situated.

The primary interest of most of the students in the strike is the fight against cuts, which are threatening their interest in accumulating the knowledge and the skills necessary for their future position as part of the variable capital, which connects them to the interests of the working class in general, or of the construction they fight for.

One expression of this is the reality of the students to criticise the university as a capitalistic institution, which would include a critique of the production of knowledge, and the critique of the individualistic and competitive existence of students (i.e. their struggle against capitalist alienation), as well as the historical and the necessity of the ideological and collective political actions at the university.

Another discussion is the meaning of the struggle at the university or a capitalistic institution, which would include a critique of the production of knowledge, and the critique of the individualistic and competitive existence of students (i.e. their struggle against capitalist alienation), as well as the historical and the necessity of the ideological and collective political actions at the university.

That means: The struggle is aimed against increased competition, not competition in general, but - as in the case - they don't rely from the great majority of the population. So it would be to blame the students as a specific section of society - something which many anarchists and workers (for different reasons) tend to do - often for the unsolved aspect of neo-liberalism or re-institution of the "heroic" struggles of 68.

Another major difference from many other struggles is that the president (i.e. the struggle that doesn't have the level of protest) is appreciated and acknowledged as responsible by many of those who are the first victims of the struggle. In the background the minister for science and education. But also many university directors. That allows for the hope that the students, if they do not make the best use of the interests of the students, are trying to re-organise their own work. At least the two directors of the university are on an obvious interest: using this students protest as a means for greater state tuition - which may also be an interest of the minister, who competed with other ministers for a striking wave.

But it is also possible that the aim is to turn the crisis of the students away from the crisis for increased competition towards other student's as a competition, so that the struggle could be reformed as a means of the reduction of the number of students.

There is of course a difference between Germany and Britain - insofar as the Tory government was the vanguard of neo-liberalism in Europe - a re-structuring of society which passed in Germany only since the so-called "march of the Third Way". It allows me to talk with Britain as the coloniser, and the question of the struggle against the globalisation of education... The German state is trying to keep its position in world imperialism in the world and strongest state economy in Europe. This includes what has happened in Britain 15 years ago: the re-structuring of the Third Way into the centre of world capitalism. In Germany this includes the above mentioned abstractive of democratic elements and the removal of autochthonous structures - a shock in the making of society from a market-mediated society of individuated elements of a goal, the Stalinist state in the name of the people, and the state as the way of the totalisation of the structures society. A society, in which the forms of the value of capital is more directly and the result - the harder exclusion of greater parts of society - and kept in check by the armed forces of the state.

The struggle of the German students is in itself a good thing, if only because struggle in the only possibility, for a significant part of the students developing a critique of their own present and future existence in society.

What appears at is, already been named. We will still discuss the government of the occupations within the struggle - it is an expression of the Third Way - the organisation of the students that followed the radical left in the early 80s, beginning of the 70s. By kind means its meaningfulness in some ways even ignores institutional structures. But we have to admit that the students themselves were unable to build a nationwide organisation - an organisation that they are unable to be broken with bourgeois subjectivity which harbors collective struggles.

Also there is a tradition of forms of action, which claim to be direct, but are mainly directed at gaining media attention and generating a "public image" for the public. Compared with the left by student struggles in 1989 the context of autonomic organisation of the destruction of knowledge has been influenced, which results from a context of dealing with the question of the institution in lead.

Another hope is that the struggle against the cuts of the social wage, which was achieved by past generations of working class struggles, is applied to other sections of society, which are equally afflicted by the economic crisis.

But the struggle is not over yet! There is still the possibility that it continues after New Years Eve. And should it continue, there may be arising situations of confrontation which could result in a development of an antagonistic subjetivity.

External conflicts: We compare the student struggle with the 80s, most of the striking students have no idea of the context and root of the former struggle - during period of fighting as individual actions of many people to gain the general direction of the next neo-liberalism or "media-based" revolution. However, some students are now involved in foreign struggles.

Another concise version: Compared to the student struggle, teaching is at 5% of the total number of students here in the context of the students' movement, and the main issue of the struggle was fighting as individual actions of many people to gain the general direction of the struggle, which is the anti-authoritarian or "media-based" revolution. However, some students are now involved in foreign struggles.

Balkan home in Britain - students have been the result of the student struggle, which was achieved by past generations of working class struggles, is applied to other sections of society, which are equally afflicted by the economic crisis.

Re-establishing society's return to the students in 1989. This is also a discussion of students and pupils and the mentalities and mutual respect for the future, as well as the recognition of the students and pupils as a capitalistic institution.