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(INFORMACION DE LA C.N.T.-F.A.I.)



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DEFENSE OF FREEDOM

Durruti, the well known Catalonian Anarchist and Troop Leader on the Aragon Front, gave his views to a of the newspaper representative " C.N.T." of which we quote the follow-

ing.-

The enemy is now throwing all his resources into the attack on Madrid. But that doesn't mean that the enemy position has improved. On the contrary the pressure which we are exerting against the Fascists on the Catalonian and Levantine Fronts, is increasing daily. Do the Fascists what they will, Huesca, Sarragossa and Terruel will When this soon fall into our hands. happens, the Fascists will have lost the war. These three points are of great With their fall, the strategic value. whole enemy front from Calatayud to Burgos will collapse and his offensive action in the Sierras be greatly hindered.

men into the field. Oviedo is in a ing or yielding.

critical position and when the Asturias are free of Fascists, the Asturian comrades who fought so bravely in 1934, known what they owe to their brothers in Castile and Galicia. Granada and Cordova too are in desperate plight and the enemy hopes to save the situation by the capture of Madrid. Their whole mind is set on taking the Spanish Capital.

The resistance to Fascism cannot be organised by words but by the taking up of strong positions. The shovel and the axe are as valuable as the gun. Countless idlers and wastrels are living in Madrid. They must all be mobilised. Our strength on the Aragon Front consists above all in constructing new entrenchments immediately after each new advance however small. militiamen know well their cause depends on never retreating from any attack. The comrades of my columns Here we can put an army of 100,000 withstand every attack without flinch-

インド・カイングイング よくかかかんしゃ and Madrid placed completely on a war the Committees of the comrades to footing. Madrid must see to it that the whom they have entrusted the conduct forces of the enemy now being used of affairs. In war the elected delegates against us on other fronts do not obtain must be obeyed, otherwise operations any objective when thrown against cannot be carried out. In dealing with Madrid.

My comrades are well supplied with succeed in turning them into good comeverything. When the hour comes, they rades. I am well satisfied with the fight and function like a good machine. comrades who follow me and I believe I do not mean by that, that our militia-men are no longer men. No—our com-They lack nothing. They have enough rades at the front know why and for to eat, plenty to read and they have what they are fighting. They feel revolutionary discussions. No one themselves Revolutionaries, they fight, idles; constant work on entrenchments not for empty phrases, not for the goes on, defence of a more or less promising legislature, but for the capture of the land, of the factories and workshops, of the means of transport, of daily bread, of the new culture. They know their lives depend on victory.

We are waging (as in my opinion, the circumstances demand) war and revolution. At one and the same time Revolutionary measures are being 1. taken, not only in Barcelona and the They are also being Hinterland. carried out behind the firing line. Every village we capture begins to develop itself in a revolutionary manner. That is the finest thing of the war, whenever I think of it, I am deeply aware of my responsibility. From the very front line right back to Barcelona there are only fighters for our cause. 4. Everyone works for the war and the Revolution. That is our strength.

A few words about the question of the moment-discipline. Many talk 5. of it but few hit the mark. For me, discipline is nothing more than respect for one's own and others' responsibility. I am against barrack-room discipline which leads to brutality, hatred and 6. automatism. Just as little do I believe that falsely conceived freedom, which can't bear the necessities of war and is usually the refuge of cowards. In our organisation, the C.N.T., the (Extract from "Frente Libertario" or very best discipline prevails, inasmuch as the members of the Confederation

The Central Sector must be fortified accept and earry out the decisions of slackers, we take them to task and by I am well satisfied with my column. dint of appeal to self-love generally

We will win the war, Comrades!

Militia Regulations of the C.N.T.

- 1. Every Militiaman must keep to the rules of the Battalion Committee and of the Hundred-and group Delegates?
- The Militiaman cannot undertake any warlike operation on his own account and has to fulfil, without discussion, his allotted task, be it at the front or behind the lines.
- Every Militiaman who does not observe the rules of the battalion. of the Hundred or of the Group will be called to account by his battalion.
- Serious offences are: Desertion. Leaving post of duty, Sabotage, Plundering and demoralising activities of word or deed.
- The Militiaman is a Volunteer but once joined up, his work as Soldier of the Revolution, is to take his place and do his duty.
- Anyone, outside of the Militia, acting on his own account will be considered a mutineer and liable to the punishments decreed by Battalion.
- Freedom-Front, organ of the Confederate Militia.)

THE ARMED FIGHT AGAINST FASCISM SHOULD REMAIN NON-MILITARIST.

It appears more and more necessary to ask ourselves whether the militarism of the rebel generals will succeed in imposing its own form on the struggle of the Spanish revolutionaries, or whether, on the other hand, our comrades will succeed in disintegrating militarism by opposing to it methods of action which will result in the liquidation of the military front and the extension to all Spain of the social revolution.

The elements of success at the disposal of the Fascists are the following:—Abundance of material, draconian rigidity of discipline, a complete military organisation, and terrorism exercised over the populace by means of Fascist police formations. These elements of success are found valuable in the tactics of a war of positions, of a continuous front, with the transport of massed forces towards the points where the decisive action is to be fought.

On the popular side the elements of success are of a totally contrary order: Abundance of men. initiative passionate fighting spirit amongst indidividuals and groups, the active sympathy of the working masses throughout the country, the economic weapon of the strike, and of sabotage in the regions occupied by the Fascists. These moral and physical forces, superior in themselves to those at the disposal of the enemy, can only be fully utilised in a conflict of surprise attacks, ambushes, and guerilla warfare spread at large over the whole country.

It is the determined will of certain political elements in the Spanish Popular Front to fight militarism by opposing to it a military technique of the same kind, by making war according to rule, with pitched battles of great army corps and concentration of military material, by decreeing compulsory mobilisation, by polying a strategic plan under single mmand—in short, by a more or less perfect copying of Fascism. We have published here the views of comrades

who have allowed themselves to be influenced by Bolshevism to the point of demanding a Red Army.

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This attitude appears to us dangerous, from more than one point of view. We must not forget that the Red Army of the Bolsheviks was a peace-time creation, whereas the victory over reaction, internal and external, was the work of groups of " Partisans" with a method of fighting analogous to that of the Spanish At the actual moment the essential problem is not to transform the Militia, an ensemble of partisans well adapted to guerilla warfare, into a Regular Army presenting the characteristics of a professional Army,

The problem is rather to improve the technique proper to Militia formations, and to supply each fighting unit with the appropriate weapons (automatics, hand and rifle grenades, etc.). To act otherwise would be to wait for the decisive stroke of a Napoleonic battle, all the means for which are yet to be created as far as the Spanish anti-Fascist camp is concerned. It would mean deferring the decision till the Greek Kalends, prolonging for ever the present position, and as might be the case, commit once more to the hands of chance a victory which would be a foregone conclusion if we knew how to use to the full our own proper weapons. Everything points to the belief that the decision in the struggle taking place in the four quarters of Spain will be a question of morale and not of strategy.

Let us beware of the self-interested manauvres of the temporisers and compromisers who are on the watch for the moment to betray the people by a reconciliation with the Fascist section of the middle class, with the sole aim of annihilating and stifling once for all the revolutionary impulse of the proletariat.

-From L'Espagne Anti-fasciste.

ALLIES OF FASCISM COUNTER REVOLUTIONARY PLOTS.

reports from officers denouncing the produced by the death of Calvo Sotelo. plot that was being hatched had not been It seems that the adhesion of the Navy

which knew that the plot had long been in existence and did not believe in a menace whose realisation was so long delayed.

The ex-Deputy Antonio de la Villa had a conversation recently with Lieutenant Jose Loriga, of the colonial troops of Tetouan, now on the Republican side.

Loriga said the movement had its beginnings a long while back. Following the first Lerroux Government, the consequence of the elections of '33, the military began, especially in Africa, to establish relations with the garrisons in the towns.

At this time, they had not yet found the chief they needed. Then came the accession of Gil Robles to the Ministry of War, a function which permitted him to carry on better his pots with Franco and Goded.

The revolution in the Asturias facilitated these machinations still more. When Portela Valladares was named head of the Government the malcontents were on the point of making their pronunciamento." But it was Gil Robles who, in agreement with Mola and Franco, opposed this, because the three bankers who were to finance the movement did not think it opportune, being, besides, in need of money for the elec-After the elections, these said tions. "patrons" persuaded the military to employ other tactics. That is why it was agreed Mola should remain at Pampeluna and Franco at Ténerife.

The commandery of the Canaries, served, from its convenient position, as contact between Spain and Africa. The movement was openly organised in Ténerife. Franco flew several times to Las Palmas. There Fascist aviators awaited him and took him off secretly in their aeroplane.

Franco showed no haste to precipitate events. He regarded triumph as certain. The check received by the insurgents For long before the insurrection, seems partly due to their precipitation taken seriously by the Government, was counted on in principle, but not at

by Gueyso de Llano, the objective was -they are actually hastening the new to land 6,000 men of the Tercio and the holocaust whose flames are likely to Regulars at Algeciras. From there the be more devastating than the last. Goded was to bring. coup d'état by deposing Azaña on behalf and if not stopped, will do so in the of Sanjurjo, who would have set up an rest of the world. exclusively military Government, including Goded, Fanjul, Mola, Hermosa, that the workers of Spain are fighting Villega, Barrera, Queipo de Llano, the ill-conceived offspring of war and Cabanellas, and some others, and under the statesmen peace have brought the "presidency" of Franco.

spirators. They had thought of everycheck it was going to inflict on them.

-From L'Espagne Antifasciste.

Broadcast by Emma Goldman Whom the Gods wish to Destroy They First Strike Mad.

more than one instance in human his- ture have been a party to Mussolini's tory. It also applies most forcibly to egolomania that had already reached the political leaders of to-day. They insane proportions by the conquest of maintain that neutrality to the heroic Ethiopea. What else but sanctions struggle of the Spanish masses will loudly proclaimed in words as the stave off a new world conflagration. humanitarian and christian means to Now it is only too true that political protect the rights of the Abyssinian leaders and statesmen have seldom people and never applied in deeds endemonstrated clear thinking when con- abled Mussolini to conquer Abyssinia. fronted with calamitous issues. But, The sanctionist helped this modern in their attitude towards the struggle imitation of Caesar to more that he in Spain, the Gods seem to have done had bargained for. Not only has he

politicians one would have no cause for hand and his iron grip on all Europe alarm. Unfortunately they are at the as well. The same has been done for helm of the state, and their decisions the other child of the hideous fascist -motivated by utter mental confusion twins.

as well as criminal wilfulness will not Headed by the forces raised in Seville only not prevent a new world carnage

column would have advanced by Cadiz. One might grant the politicians Jerez, Seville and Cordova to Madrid some modicum of reason had they taken where it would have joined Mola's a neutral stand against both contendcolumn from the North, composed of the ing forces in the civil war in Spains rebel forces of Vizcaya, Vitoria, Burgos. It is the one-sideness of their attitude Valladolid, and Segovia, and the column which makes one uestion both the of Cabanellas organised at Saragossa sanity and the integrity of the neutraland reinforced by the Catalan rebels ity sponsors. Their stand is the more At Madrid, in reprehensible because the Spanish agreement with the desires of all the masses are the first to have risen elements concerned, Franco and Mola against the Fascist foe who has already were to give an official character to their taken root in a large part of Europe

Incidently, it must be borne in mind about. It is that which has given These were the plans of the con- birth to that hideous human aparition that calls itself fascism. Instead of thing save of popular resistance and the nipping the first sprouting in the bud, the post-war politicians and statesmen have kept up the flickering life-stream of fascism. They have nourished and strengthened the growth into a monstrosity whose ravenous appetite can only be satisfied by human flesh and whose lust for power knows no buonds. This old proverb has proved true in The foster-fathers of the ghastly creatheir job more deliberately than before. Abyssinia, he also has all the political Were it only a question of a score of leaders of Europe in the plam of his

Hitler and his savage gang found centuries of liberal tradition acquiesce best support in the criminal indiffer- carnage? ence on the part of all governments to In other words, the very thing the his reign of terror and this alone gave proclaimers of neutrality are hoping to National Socialism time and impetus prevent—will occur. Only the lack of to perfect the deadly military machine. Not only the Swastika but also Hitler's its danger. Another thing would heavy boot is to be planted on the neck happen, if the anti-fascists were helped of Europe and Asia, as they have been to cope with the fascist epidemic in planted on the neck of the entire hap- Spain, that is poisoning all springs of less German people.

anything. Else they would realise that waters in the rest of Europe and the bytheir neutrality to the Spanish deend of Fascism in Europe would do fetter the spirit of freedom for many own life.

decades.

sors of neutrality proclaim that democracy must be maintained at all cost.
Yet, they fail to see, that democracy was never in graver danger, and that neutrality, if maintained much longer to reach shore. No words of condemn-

money out of love for them? Certainly fellow-creature in distress, human they have been promised lucrative returns for the co-operation which is to danger of their own lives and limbs. enable the Spanish adventurers to rush into burning houses, throw them-drown the Spanish people in a sea of selves into the foaming sea and bravely blood. Hitler and Mussolini whose carry their brothers to safety. ambitions are so modest want a mere bagatelle. Just the largest part of the flagration is spreading. Is it possible Mediterranean, the Pyrenees as their that the world outside will stand by bulwork and with their cannons directed and see the country laid in ashes by the on France. This would of course put fascist hordes?-or will thinking and Hitler and Mussolini in a world key- justice-loving people muster up enough position. A conquered Spain would, courage to break through the ban of therefore, mean the world dominion of neutrality and come to the rescue of Hitler and Mussolini.

Will France go back on her glorious Fascism to the bitter end. revolutionary past by her tacit consent. I have faith in humanity. I have to such designs? Will England with infinite faith. I know the governments

their innings in the utter madness of to such degrading position? And if the so-called peace treaty and their not, will that not mean a new world

life and health. Fascism exterminated Also, politicians never forget or learn in Spain would mean the purified fence of liberty they are rendering spanish fascism precisely the same service they have given to other Fascist powers. They are doing more, they are helping to create a formidable Fascist brother in Spain would be enabled to alliance, that, if successful, would begin a new transformation of their fetter the spirit of freedow for wear.

It is about neutrality, as it is about Curiously enough the loudest spon- people, who can stand by a burning will stab democracy in the back.

Does any intelligent man or woman imagine that the two star fascist lords are giving Franco and Mola such generous support in armaments and floods, storms at sea or the sight of any

the Spanish people who are fighting

come and go. But the intrinsic quality of the 'Daily Mail' have completely human justice remains for ever.

It is to these that the heroic people of Spain appeal for help, for the means to bring Fascism to its knees and save the world from the new impending holocaust neutrality is certain to bring in its wake.

SPAIN 1840-1936 THE COMPLICITY OF THE CHURCH OF SPAIN AND THE CORRUPTNESS OF ITS CLERCY.

The history of Spain (briefly described) in another section of this pamphlet) amongst the dead it is only because they shows only too clearly how the Church were fighting or actively manifesting of Spain has always sided with the their sympathy with the rebels. But this reactionaries in their repeated attempts is not a basis for assuming that the to prevent the workers from emancipat-workers kill all priests and nuns at sight, ing and claiming the country and the For instance, the "Heraldo de Madrid" land which is theirs. To-day the Church (21/8/36) recounts an incident in which is merely repeating history. Unfor- a priest put himself in front of a Fascist tunately, there is a section of the Press firing squad which was about to execute in this country which, in an effort to several anti-Fascists, and who, when counteract the spontaneous sympathy ordered by a Fascist to "Get out of the which most people felt for the Span'sh way, father," replied, "No, I prefer to workers in this struggle, has waged an die with my people." Further evidence "atrocities" campaign, printing daily is to be found in the number of religious pages of "atrocities" committed by men fighting with the anti-Fascists. As anti-fascists against priests and nens the "Daily Herald" leader of 27th who, to use the Archbishop of West-August so rightly says, "Catholic priests reference are those newspapers who, tion of Churches have not been acts of only a year ago, praised Mussolini's vandalism but an act of self-defence generosity in taking to Abyssinia a against snipers posted in advantageous Fascist civilisation in the form of positions; churches have been used as mustard gas and incendiary bombs, it is ammunition dumps in many cases. (Dr. natural that the priests and nuns are Montessori; Mr. G. Elvin). innocent. But the atrocity stories are merely the work of journalists seeking copy for such papers as the "Daily Mail," and have been disproved elsewhere in this pamphlet. A further proof be blamed for creating mass opposition of the sensational nature of the "Daily to the Church in Spain. No Church had Mail" is reflected in a statement made greater means of propaganda than we by the Generalitat of Catalonia which had. There is no other remedy but to says that "the two special correspondents protest when millions of pesetas are

of human feeling and the sense of repudiated the accounts of atrocities alleged to have been committed by Spanish Government troops which were published by the 'Daily Mail' as coming from these correspondents. Such stories are deliberately fabricated in an office which sees in Hitler and Mussolini the hope of humanity." On the other hand, it has been proved beyond any doubt that the Church is directly connected with the Revolution. Documents such as those found during the destruction of Sagrada ("-Manchester Guardian," 5/8/36) prove that the Church had been actively co-operating in the rebel "cause." If, therefore, many priests have been minster's words, are "innocent of the have been killed not because they were fratricidal conflict which has been made Catholic priests but because they were in the occasion of their persecution." the rebel service." Eye-witnesses have Undoubtedly if one's only source of repeatedly pointed out that the destruc-

found in the palaces of the Bishops while

the poor die of hunger. . . ."

Nearly £500,000 was found in the Bishop's palace in Madrid and handed over to the Government ("Sunday Times," 25/8/36); 16 million pesetas were found in the palace of the Bishop were confiscated in Catalonia alone (" Manchester Guardian," 5/8/36). Our correspondent writes: —" Much amusement was caused when it was found that the 'Little Sisters of the Poor' in Madrid, the poorest of the poor-only ex-King Alfonso pretends to be more destitute still-had nearly or quite a 100 million pesetas in paper money and shares. All the bishops, etc., had considerable sums carefully hidden. little gold is found; when packing in a hurry, they generally took the gold, it appears, and left the paper money, which was certain to be depreciated.

"Solidaridad Obrera" (30/7/36) publishes the correspondence that took place between "innocent" nuns in Barcelona with equally pious ones in Bordeaux. The correspondence concerns the illegal export of money, and, besides using disguised language to avoid interception, these "innocent" women show that they are practical where money is concerned, more so with the money which has been given to them for acts of charity! For instance, in one letter from la Sainte Marie des Anges (20/6/36) to a Sister in Barcelona :- "If later on you send some Sisters to Perpignan or elsewhere, take care to give each one 400 or 500 pesetas. I say each one as if I meant that each one was travelling alone. If they declared to be together, I doubt whether they would be allowed to take with them 500 pesetas each. . . .

We conclude this brief survey of the complicity and corruptness of Church with a further letter from our correspondent in Spain. "Destruction often took place-he writes-unconsciously, when objects instead of being kept in museums or, at least, being made

churches and convents. What was burned was just the conspicuous tinsel in churches which is of no value, the wooden benches and doors besides the educational implements, books of the most backward type, and the like; things of no value. Their household affairs of Vich. A total of 30,000,000 pesetas were destroyed, as dignity forbade us to use the leavings of these people. But all accumulations of good food, mattresses and good linen were forthwith sent to the hospitals, which were overcrowded with the wounded. All this happened in a peaceful, charming way, and people stood by in friendly talk glad to be rid of these unsociable neighbours. priests and nuns had left long ago, mostly in good order, sometimes a hurriedly, which made people smile, glad to see the last of them. In this way such things happen in real life. . . . The horror stories should throughout be treated with contempt and irony; it is a blind to prepare for callousness and denial of sympathy when the real horrors are perpetrated by the traitors and their African hordes. . . If the Generals win, the priests and nuns will be back in a minute, spick and span, and will have a good laugh at the usual English martyr stories."

The foregoing is an extract from a brochure, "The Struggle for Liberty in Spain, 1840-1936." Price 4d. This brochure should be read by everyone who is desirous of the facts regarding Spain. It can be obtained from Thos. Keell, White way Colony, nr. Stroud, Gloucester England: The Freedom Group. London; or The A.P.C.F., Glasgow

FREE EXCHANGE OF PRODUCTS BETWEEN TOWN AND COUNTRY From Ce quil faut dire, Brussells.

"The peasants, as at Albalate de Cinea in Aragon did not wait for orders from above to organise their lives.

The region having been previously purged of fascists, elergy and reactionaries, they immediately took an invenknown to the public, mould away, tory of all existing products and live neglected or ignored in inconspicuous stock. Everything in excess of the requirements of the community was carried to the town and given over to the Committee of Exchange set up by our comrades from whence was delivered in exchange fish and other goods of which the peasants were in need.

This system of exchange of produce which our comrades are organising by means of committees set up for the purpose here, there and everywhere, is tending to become general, due partly to the shortage of money but also to the native libertarium instincts of the Spanish peasant."

FREE COMMUNISM AT GELSA.

Immediately following the taking of the town, as at Pina, the growth of free Communism began.

First, various committees were set up with a view to normalising economic life. The surrounding peasants showed themselves favourable to relying on the decisions of the said committees. As a first measure of precaution the town was purged and the mayor also deposed.

The committee for provisioning began to function and the effects rapidly made themselves felt. Since at Velilla del Ebro, on learning the news a great quantity of oil was offered in exchange

for corn.

The peasants proposed to harvest the cor nand place it in a store controlled by the committee of provisions—which should be the common granery. It was proceeded also to instal two auxiliary warehouses where all products of the first necessity should be deposited.

In order that everyone might have recourse to these stores, bills were posted up. The result was a success, besides foodstuffs, clothing was brought which made it possess from reserves and prevent waste.

The gardens situated on the heights of Jelsa are fertile but lack water. A rich faseist had had constructed some time before, a dam to irrigate his own gardens, but had refused the requests of the peasants for a little water. On the expulsion of the fascists the

peasants wished to blow up the dam but were persuaded by the Committee it was better to use the water for themselves. They even decided to build a further dam that more water might be available.

L'Espagne Antifascista.



"Hear a word, a word in season,
For the day is drawing nigh,
When the cause shall call upon us,
Some to live, and some to die."

WM. MORRIS.

"OUR" COUNTRY.

A representative from the Spanish working class, Senor Gorkin, was refused permission to remain in "our" country this week and was searched like a dangerous criminal. Yet Burgos emissaries are allowed full freedom.

The Rhine is our frontier, according to Baldwin, who speaks for British Imperialism. But the real "frontier" of the British workers to-day is in Spain. If the workers there are defeated, we will soon feel the "Iron Heel" of Fascism in Great Britain.

As in Germany and Austria, even tame municipal reforms will be automatically wiped out.

The present U.A.B., which itself is incipient Fascism, would then have greater confidence in still further reducing relief to the German level.

On the other hand, if the Spanish workers succeed in their determination to smash Fascism and establish non-authoritarian Socialism, the struggle for emancipation will be made easier for the workers all over Europe.

The plan of International Fascism

is to smash the workers in one sector at a time. The German, Italian, of the socialist party M. Blum could Austrian The workers of Spain are destroyed. country. Hitler and Mussolini are arms for Spain. awaiting the fall of Madrid to recognise the Burgos Government officially. Italy has even threatened Barcelona. In Gibralter as well as at Whitehall British Imperialists have shown their antagonism to the workers of Spain.

Workers, the non-intervention farce is still in operation! Smash the embargo! The workers of Spain require weapons of defence to counter the forces of Franco, Hitler and Mussolini!

Workers, accept the challenge and rally to the Spanish Workers. Away with all sectionalism, partyism and careerism! Throw off all back-sliding Spanish and in difference! The Workers are dying for the International Working Class movement. Let us do our part, each in his own locality and according to his means and ability.

Demonstrate! Agitate! Strike !

Smash the Embargo!

Down with Hitler, Mussolini and their Spanish and British imitators!

Long live the Spanish Workers! Long live the World Proletariat!

The Journals "Freedom" and Fighting Call."

We hope this Isles.

ARMS for SPAIN

of the French Government would be Blum. enough to confirm our profound distrust of politicians.

We can not understand how as leader movements have been make the declarations he did, while the workers of Paris were loudly clamourbeing besieged in their own ing for the lifting of the embargo of

> Avions pour l'Espagne! Avions pour l'Espagne! shouted the proletariat of Paris. Leon Blum replied: "I have no evidence that to date there has been any single case of transgression by any of the signatory powers of the neutrality pact." . . . The 24 Italian aeroplanes arrived at Vigo, the presence of powerful German bombing planes over all our fronts, the German guns and bullets killing and maiming thousands of Spanish workers, the transport of the Foreign Legion and Moors by German transport planes to help the christian slaughter of the Spanish proletariat, the presence even of German and Italian pilots and instructors in the ranks of the insurgents, the horrible human sacrifices and total destruction of Irun through the armament supplied by Germany and Italy. all this is known to the whole world. But Leon Blum, he knows of "no single case of transgression by any of t the signatory powers of the neutrality pact.

This paragon of the people of France goes on to say: "We must preserve peace and we must avoid at any cost an "Advance" will in future be merged international war." Is it possible that and published under the title, "The this weather worn political leader does not realise that he is playing directly into the hands of Hitler and Mussolini? advance will give a new impetus to Is it possible that he does not realise Anarchist, Anti-Parliamentarian, and that by the continuation of his passive Working-class progress in the British fear of war, he is hastening the defeat of his own country, this notwithstanding his race for which he apologised? Is it possible that he does not realise that he is directly preparing a military If our experience in public and fascist coup d'état in France? M. social life were insufficient to justify Laval and M. Laroque and all the conour abstention from politics, the servative press of France are rejoicing speech of Leon Blum, the socialist head openly over the abject patriotism of M.

> The workers of France must keep up their demand. Aeroplanes for Spain!

avions pour l'Espagne! And the work- frustrated by the constituted powers of ers of England and the workers of capitalism. France must open their eyes to the present grave situation of danger in defeat the treacherous manoeuvres of which they are placed. There is no capitalism under the guide of apostels honesty where powerful private inter- of peace and security. ests are at stake. There is no chance for even democracy when the fanatical hordes of fascism are threatening to fetter the working classes. It is a struggle to the end to free the world proletariat once and for all from the enslavement of the power of the lords of high finance.

We are waiting for the workers of France and the workers of England to compel their governments to supply us with arms in defence of our common

cause.

AN APPEAL TO THE WORKERS AND INTELLECTUALS OF FRANCE AND ENGLAND.

The intellectuals of all the democratic countries, the spokesmen of the proletariat, the powerful syndicalist leaders, the most distinguished political figures of France and England, all have repeatedly declared that the pleople of Spain are fighting for all the democrats of the world, that the defending forces of Spain are offering their lives generously in defence of all the free men of he world.

The workers of France and England are imbued with an intense sympathy for us. They have identified themselves with the cause of the Spanish

proletariat.

But while the heroic defenders of Spain are laying down their lives for the idea, and the ideal of freedom, our spmpahisers and fellow workers abroad quieten their conscience by sending us their messages of love. Even the generous contribution of funds they send us, become a cruel irony in the face of the barriers the governments of friendly nations have set up to prevent our legitimate purchase of armament. The agitation of braver and more decided workers organisations for aero- your governments. The embargo of

But the workers of the world must

There is not a single convincing argument to prevent the supply of arms to the legally and democratically con-

stituted government of Spain.

Outstanding conservatives of England and France have recognised the manifest dangers to the democrats of the world in the event of a fascist victory in Spain. With the mediterranean and the Atlantic routes under the domination of international fascism, the Pyrenees lined with fascist fortresses and heavy cannons pointing to France, what will remain of security and peace? Will England and France passively cede their colonial interests and African possessions to the hordes of fascism in order to avoid a new war? And in the logical sequence of events, will England and France bow to the ferocious will of Hitler and Mussolini, and accept he fascist rule, and wih it the mediaeval ideology of slavery for the masses, all in the name of peace and security?

We anarchists and all the Spanish proletariat refuse to believe in the triumph of brute force over social and economic justice for the working classes of the world. We refuse to believe in the weakness of the workers organisations of France and England. We know their syndical and political strength. We believe the workers of England and France will realise the danger of the vile manoeuvres of im-

perialistic interests.

Workers of England! Show your solidarity with the workers of Spain, your comrades in arms, fighting your fight, the fight of all peoples against their oppressors.

Prevail upon your leaders, if they are not tools of big interests to make your unanimous protests known to planes and cannons for Spain is being larms for the workers of Spain must be

lifted now and at once, to avoid the slaughter of the Spanish proletariat by German, Italian and Portugese fascists, in open aggression against the Spanish people.

Long live the proletariat of Spain! Long live the proletariat of the

World!

WORKERS OF ENGLAND!

Five hundred years ago wars were as cruel and blood-thirsty as they are today. They were, however, much simpler and did not depend so much on technical consideration. To-day in Spain, two-thirds of the population have been engaged for nearly two months in fighting heroically with scarcity of arms against an enemy greatly in inferior in numbers, but more than abundantly supplied with the most modern elements of warfare, supplied by the warring nations of Ger-

many and Italy.

On the side of the people are the legions of men and youths of the staunch proletariat of Spain. Only yesterday workers of factories, peaceful peasants of the land, shop and office clerks. To-day a most heroic and mighty army of the popular militia. On the Aragon, Andalusian, Extremadura and Basque fronts, the aggressiveness and effectiveness in combat of the militias, the enthusiasm of the Spanish proletariat is to-day the ad-miration of the world, and the consternation of the fascist generals. Their regular troops are mostly kept in barracks in fear of wholesale desertion, and in going over to our militia. It is only with German and Italian aeroplanes, machine guns, the Foreign Legion of Africa and the Moors that the insurgents have been able to show any fight at all. Against these criminal forces the whole democratic world has been showering us with messages of sympathy and encouragement. In response to our insistent calls for materthemselves towards definite action. the people are gagged and are reduced

The Trade Unions of England, comprising 3,000,000 members represented in the Plymouth Congress, voted unanimously to give all the necessary help to the Spanish people. 15,000 people assembled in Traffalgar Square and initiated a subscription of £500 in behalf of our fighters. They also inaugurated an active campaign in favour of lifting the embargo of arms for Spain, following a similar decision of the brave nuners of South Wales.

The co-operatives of London contribute £1000 to the Spanish syndicates.

In Belgium the World's Peace Congress ended with the cry of: Arms for Spain! as a guarantee for the world's peace, menaced by the support given to the Spanish traitors by international fascism.

The metalurgical industries of Paris declared a general strike in sympathy with the legitimate government of Spain and as protest against the French Government's attitude, which is endangered not only our defence, but the defence of the whole democratic civilisation of Europe. Other French syndicates and workers unions make similar resolutions and protests.

From across the ocean, Mexico has shown the beautiful example through her workers in munition plants who contributed two hours' wages every day in favour of their comrades in Spain. The railway workers contribute

5 per cent of their wages.

From Gibraltar, too, we hear of the friendly attitude of the English sailors for the cause of the Spanish people. And even the Musulmen of Morocco have shown us their sympathy by their avowal against the Ryfs whom the traitor Franco deceived with false promises.

And so all the workers of the world, all men of liberal sentiment are enthusieally and unconditionally on the side of Spain in its fight against fascist vandalism. Only in Germany, Italy, ial help, the workers of all friendly and Portugal the voices of solidarity nations are at last beginning to bestir can not reach us, because in these lands to the conditions of bondage, by relentless henchmen.

In Spain we will never submit to pretorian rule. We will destroy to the root the military and clerical insurrection. In our task we are sustained by the universal support of all libertyloving people. But to end the crimes and horrors perpetrated by the insurgents and to save the world from the barbarity of fascism, we appeal again for help of all kinds in the common defence of human dignity. The neutrality has merely created the crassest inequality. Unless it is removed or arms sent us over the heads of the governments, the enemy will conquer. And that shall never be so long as there is one able-bodied man or woman left in Spain.

It is your obligation men and women of England and France to come to our

aid!

Arms for Spain! Arms for Freedom! Arms for the Peace of the World!

Catalan Economic Council.

All the regions of Spain and many foreign countries are to-day watching the experiment of decisive importance that is being inaugurated in Spain. It consists in the reorganisation of the entire social and economical life, incorporating all the different tendencies. All mankind is seeking solutions of 2. The exchange or sale of the prothese urgent problems and the spirit of messianism, having always been the cause of human errors, enters again in 3. The form of compensation for work these varying tendencies. We, the National Confederation of Labour, in these historic moments want to realise in social matters all that is possible through the progress of science and technique.

After the crash of the old economical order we have to cope with two principal problems. On the one hand we must fight the passive resistance of a mentality which could only subsist 2. The syndicates of the C.N.T. may under a system of human ignorance-. . . On the other hand we must be consistent in advancing the Revolution

that it may articulate the demands of the proletariat for liberty.

We as representatives of the C.N.T. in the Economic Council consider it our most urgent duty to co-ordinate the definite inovations created by the people. Cataluna is innately a liberal land. Every attempt to establish a new social economic order contradicting the liberal feeling of our people. would create a conflict with reality. and it would prove impossible to subject the new Cataluna to standardised fixed concepts, manifest in certain reform tendencies. The Economic Council refuses the idea of a totalitarian state, nor will it accept the technocratic method of Roosevelt. Every revolutionary movement must be constructive and must be built on granite. For us this foundation must represent the ideas of freedom, social justice and human dignity.

From a radio speech of our comrade Fabregas, representive of the C.N.T.

in the Catalan Council.]

Resolutions covering the sale of products and the payment of work.

1. For the present period every agricultural product must have its sale or exchange value, which will be determined by the Economic Council. A peasant representative will assist the Council to this effect.

ducts can be realised through

money or other products.

will be determined freely in each community, according to the local circumstances and the wishes of the people.

Resolutions concerning the co-operation of different syndicates.

- 1. We believe in the necessity of of friendly relations between all agricultural organisations of Cataluna.
- be welded together with other syndicates if they are independent politically and stand for the syndi-

calist reform. The Regional Agricultural Committee will work in The different comthis direction. settle pacts or munities can alliances according to local neces-

Syndicates of the C.N.T.

This congress was held on September 5th and 6th in Barcelona. The syndicates of all Catalan regions were The most important represented.

resolutions adopted were :-

1. Collectivisation of the land.-In behalf of the small proprietors and to encourage production, they will have the right to cultivate as much land as they are capable of without prejudice to the collective interest.

2. All expropriated estates will be controlled by the syndicate, the proceeds of the collective work to be distributed equally among

peasant.

3. The syndicate will control the entire production including that of the small proprietors still

cultivating their own land.

1. The syndicates of the different districts must keep in constant touch with each other and arrange the distribution of work.

5. It is the syndicates task to realise the total liberal socialistic order under the following conditions:-

- (a) Where there is no danger of friction with the small proprietors, total collectivisation must carried out.
- (b) All big landed estates must be with confiscated land be collectiresolutions.
- (c) The syndicates must try to conlished in all parts to introduce fascism and mercenery troops.

tion and the improve-ment of the soil must be achieved. These experimental farms are of great educational importance for the entire peasantry.

The application of these reforms Congress of the Catalan Agriculture must be adapted to the local circumstances with the greatest possible freedom towards the idea of federalism. These resolutions were adopted by all Catalan regional federations of the C.N.T.]

> At a mass meeting of the C.N.T. in Barcelona, Francisco Isgleas pub-Resolutions of the National Assembly of the C.N.T., recently celebrated in Madrid :-

Workers of Cataluna! Workers of Spain!

The fight against fascism has led us to the Social Revolution. This is not the moment for hesitation or wavering politics, but for concrete action and practical realisations.

In all sincerity we must state that the government of July 19th, indirectly had a hand in the military conspiracy. The government knew, just as we knew it, what was being prepared, and yet no arms were given to the people who demanded them. Had the workers been armed, the insurrection would not have spread, but suppressed from the very first moment by the sovereign will of the people. The government, not having armed the masses, failed in the struggle against fascism. A few days ago it resigned. Had it not resigned, expropriated at once and together fascism would have triumphed, because this government had neither the vised in accordance with above energy nor the capacity to repress the rebellion of the military fascists.

We shall destroy fascism. vince the small tenants and the would have destroyed it already, if small proprietors of the conven-international fascism were not supportience of collectivisation. Large ing the insurgents. But we shall experiment farms must be estab- triumph in spite of international

the benefits of modern technical A new government has been progress. Electrification, irriga appointed. But this new government

also does not possess the energy and capacity necessary to smash fascism.

And fascism must be smashed immediately to shorten our struggle. To this to victory. In Cataluna where all end the C.N.T. has called a National efforts were joined, immediate victory Assembly in were represented. The be taken in the rest of Spain. Assembly examined the present situa-tion in Spain and arrived at the con-tion in Spain and arrived at the conclusion that to triumph in the cruel it is not advisable that an archaic and hard struggle against fascism, all government should continue in Madrid. efforts must be co-ordinated and the IThe National Assembly of the CNT union of the proletariat must be main- has told Largo Cabalerro that a tained. The economic and social life National Council of Dience must be

of Spain must be reconstructed.

We have come to the conclusion that the new government does not correspond to the need of the people. We have laid before the U.G.T. and the government the following Resolution fighting at our side, but we demand that the Assembly:

of the Assembly:

a more effective co-ordination of all The UGT and the government must for such co-ordination and the economic towards the construction of a new re-construction of the rear guard. The society. They must understand that proposal of constituting in Madrid a the only way to beat down blood-National Council integrated by representataives of all political sectors engaged in the fight against fascism. This Council would be formed by five delegates of he UGT, five of the CNT and four Republicans.

and four Republicans.

Local provincial, reional and national federalism in all aspects of political From L'Espagne Libre. and economical administration, to re- THE ARTISTES AND THE SOCIAL place the old Ayutamientos (Municipal Governments), Diputaciones The Union of Artists, Painters, (Provincial Governments), and Gobier-Sculptors and Designers, affiliated to nos Civiles (Local Civil Governments). the C.N.T. has issued a manifesto from

ment ministries converting them into departments.

safeguard the public order.

compulsory character. Symplification history shall take. of commands, the creation of the single We propose to make a practical military direction and the constitution alliance of the pen and the chisel, in of a Popular Court and provisional Catalonia, so that the genius of man Juridical Body.

The CNT has allowed the UGT and in the midst of which we livethe Government 10 days to respond to The artist-rebel has up to now always

Madrid. All Spanish was achieved. The same attitude must

that the Military Bodies must be There is no possible solution without transformed into Popular Militias.

The creation of an organism accept this program of the CNT

REVOLUTION.

The transformation of the govern- which the following extracts are taken.

To All Artists

We, artists, have formed ourselves The creation of popular militia to into a trade union at the moment when al lthe forces of the modern world are The creation of war-militias with in conflict to decide the direction human

shall receive no check in the hard battle

been treated as a pariah, without hope if he refused to bow to humiliating servitude. The hour has come when he will reclaim his right to live in a society . Leninism or Marxism "-Rosa Luxemburg. where he will be considered as a producer, not a parasite.

Art can never be mass production or collectivised. Its value will always lie in the artist's own individuality. But personal gifts confer on their possessor no right but that of being free to ex-

press himself in his work.

Once the privileges conferred on intelligence, talent or knowledge have been abolished, no artist, however great, will be able to consider himself the superior of the most humble worker PLUS LOIN Librarie Franssen, 11, rue de nor entitled to claim special favours. His talents will find their reward in the work itself. The role of art in society is not to gratify a limited elite and afford it one more pretext for drawing LEN DEHORS E. ARMAND, Cite Saintsocial distinctions. It is middle class society that has introduced this conception of art for an elite in order to sanction its unjustifiable privileges.

The prime object of the unions of artists and intellectuals will therefore be an intense propaganda to spread culture among all men, till they succeed in making felt the need for all in the personal life of every one just as one feels the need of a bed, a table or a chair ...

In the trade organisation of the artists and craftsmen, working groups of painters, sculptors, etc., will form and become specialised. As in an orchestra, each retaining his own individiuality will collaborate in the function of a common aim in the fraternal atmosphere of the studio, as with the great artists of the middle ages and of the Renaissance.

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